

SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full Name: Alysia Berman Examiner #: 76457 Date: 9/30/02
 Art Unit: 1617 Phone Number 308-4638 Serial Number: 091523252
 Mail Box and Bldg/Room Location: 3012 Results Format Preferred (circle): PAPER DISK E-MAIL
2019

If more than one search is submitted, please prioritize searches in order of need.

Please provide a detailed statement of the search topic, and describe as specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. Include the elected species or structures, keywords, synonyms, acronyms, and registry numbers, and combine with the concept or utility of the invention. Define any terms that may have a special meaning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors, etc, if known. Please attach a copy of the cover sheet, pertinent claims, and abstract.

Title of Invention: See attached

Inventors (please provide full names): See attached

Earliest Priority Filing Date: 6/27/01

For Sequence Searches Only Please include all pertinent information (parent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the appropriate serial number.

Jan,

Please search all compounds and sequences by name and structure with hair growth or reduction. Elected species are claims 2 & 13.

Thank you

Alysia

Jan Delaval
 Reference Librarian
 Biotechnology & Chemical Library
 CM1 1E07 - 703-308-4498
 jan.delaval@uspto.gov

Approved
 TK Rose

SPE, Av 1615

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STAFF USE ONLY

	Type of Search	Vendors and cost where applicable
Searcher: <u>Jan</u>	NA Sequence (#) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	STN <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Searcher Phone #: <u>4498</u>	AA Sequence (#) <input type="checkbox"/>	Dialog <input type="checkbox"/>
Searcher Location: <input type="checkbox"/>	Structure (#) <input type="checkbox"/>	Questel/Orbit <input type="checkbox"/>
Date Searcher Picked Up: <u>10/11/02</u>	Bibliographic <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Dr. Link <input type="checkbox"/>
Date Completed: <u>10/11/02</u>	Litigation <input type="checkbox"/>	Lexis/Nexis <input type="checkbox"/>
Searcher Prep & Review Time: <input type="checkbox"/>	Fulltext <input type="checkbox"/>	Sequence Systems <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Clerical Prep Time: <u>30</u>	Patent Family <input type="checkbox"/>	WWW/Internet <input type="checkbox"/>
Online Time: <u>+ (m)</u>	Other <input type="checkbox"/>	Other (specify) <input type="checkbox"/>

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:16:18 ON 01 OCT 2002)
SET COST OFF

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:16:37 ON 01 OCT 2002
E TTAGGGTTAGGGTTAGGG/SQEN
L1 57 S E3
E ACGTTGAGGGGCATC/SQEN
E ATGAAAATCAGGGTTAGG/SQEN
E CAGUUAGGGUUAG/SQEN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:19:03 ON 01 OCT 2002
L2 8 S CAGUUAGGGUUAG/SQEN
L3 65 S L1,L2
L4 10 S L3 AND (PEPTIDE OR COMPLEX)
L5 55 S L3 NOT L4
E OFLOXACIN/CN
L6 1 S E3
L7 32 S C18H20FN3O4/MF AND NC2NC2/ES AND 4/NR
L8 17 S L7 AND NC2OC2-NC5-C6/ES
L9 15 S L8 AND 6 CARBOXYLIC
L10 12 S L9 AND 9 FLUORO
L11 6 S L10 AND 3 METHYL 10
L12 4 S L11 AND 4 METHYL
L13 3 S L12 NOT 11C#
E TMP/CN
E TMPY/CN
E TELOMERASE/CN
L14 1 S E3
E AZT/CN
L15 1 S E4
L16 40 S C10H13N5O4/MF AND OC4/ES AND NCNC3/ES
L17 16 S L16 AND AZIDO AND THYM?
L18 6 S L17 NOT (LABELED OR (D OR T)/ELS OR 11C# OR 13C# OR 14C# OR C
E RUBROMYCIN/CN
L19 1 S E3
E PURPUROMYCIN/CN
L20 1 S E3
E DIDEOXYINOSINE/CN
L21 1 S E3
E LEVOFLOXACIN/CN
L22 1 S E3
L23 122 S C18H20FN3O4/MF
L24 17 S L23 AND NC2NC2/ES AND NC2OC2-NC5-C6/ES
L25 0 S L24 NOT L8
L26 3 S L22,L13
E CARBOVIR/CN
L27 1 S E3
L28 21 S C11H13N5O2/MF AND C5/ES AND NCNC2-NCNC3/ES
L29 9 S L28 AND 2 AMINO 1 9 DIHYDRO
L30 7 S L29 AND 4 HYDROXYMETHYL
L31 4 S L30 NOT (T/ELS OR 14C OR 3 HYDROXYMETHYL)
E URSOODEOXYCHOLIC ACID/CN
L32 1 S E3
E DIAZAPHILONIC ACID/CN
L33 1 S E3
E ALTERPERYLENOL/CN
L34 1 S E3
E 5-AZACYTIDINE/CN
L35 1 S E3
E FOMIVIRSEN/CN
L36 1 S E3

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E DIAZAPHILONIC ACID/CN
 E 2-(3-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL) PHENYL) ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE/CN
 E 3,4,9,10-PERYLENETETRACARBOXYLIC DIIMIDE/CN
 L37 1 S E3
 E 10H-INDOLO(3,2-B)QUINOLINE/CN
 E 10H-INDOLO(3,2-B)-QUINOLINE/CN

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:43:51 ON 01 OCT 2002
 E TMPYP4

L38 31 S E3
 L39 38 S 3 DEOXY 2 3 DIDEHYDROTHYMIDINE
 L40 1 S 2 3 TRIFLUOROMETHYL PHENYL ISOTHIAZOLIN 3 ONE
 L41 27 S TMPI
 L42 7 S 10H INDOLO 3 2 B QUINOLINE
 L43 0 S 2 O MERNA TELOMERASE
 L44 0 S 2 O ME RNA TELOMERASE
 L45 49 S 2 (S) RNA (S) TELOMERASE
 L46 1 S 2 (S) O (S) ME (L) RNA (S) TELOMERASE
 L47 5 S 2 (S) O (S) MERNA (S) TELOMERASE
 L48 2 S 2 (S) O (S) METHYL (S) RNA (S) TELOMERASE
 L49 0 S 2 (S) O (S) ALKYL (L) RNA (S) TELOMERASE
 L50 0 S 2 (S) O (S) ALK (L) RNA (S) TELOMERASE
 L51 6 S L46-L48
 L52 46 S L45 NOT L51

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:51:41 ON 01 OCT 2002

L53 1 S 92739-63-4
 L54 1 S 38673-65-3
 L55 148 S 38673-65-3/CRN
 L56 1 S 3056-17-5

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:54:36 ON 01 OCT 2002
 SEL RN L40

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:55:09 ON 01 OCT 2002

L57 9 S E1-E9
 L58 2 S L57 AND F/ELS
 L59 1 S L58 AND 220862-87-3
 L60 78 S L6,L13,L53,L54,L15,L19,L20,L56,L21,L1,L22,L26,L27,L31,L59,L32

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:58:56 ON 01 OCT 2002
 SEL RN L42

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:59:00 ON 01 OCT 2002

L61 155 S E10-E164
 L62 70 S L61 AND 4/NR
 L63 1 S L62 AND C15H10N2
 L64 56 S L62 AND 10H
 L65 23 S L64 NOT O/ELS
 E 4493/RID
 E 4493.57/RID
 L66 609 S E3
 L67 371 S L66 AND 1/NC
 L68 21 S L60 NOT L1,L2
 L69 22 S L68,L63

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:04:06 ON 01 OCT 2002
 E STYCZYNSKI P/AU

L70 19 S E3-E8
 E AHLUWALIA G/AU
 L71 69 S E3,E4,E9-E11
 L72 78 S L70,L71
 L73 2759 S L14

L74 3490 S TELOMERASE
 L75 3493 S L73, L74
 L76 64 S L75 (L) INHIBIT?(S) (I OR II OR III OR IV)
 L77 2 S L75 (L) INHIBIT?() (I OR II OR III OR IV)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:08:36 ON 01 OCT 2002
 L78 1 S 354817-15-5

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:09:05 ON 01 OCT 2002
 L79 101 S L75 (L) INHIBIT?(L) (I OR II OR III OR IV)
 L80 101 S L76, L77, L79
 L81 101 S L73, L74 AND L80
 L82 3493 S L75, L81
 L83 44 S L1 OR L2
 L84 47 S L51, L83
 L85 13404 S L69

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:11:57 ON 01 OCT 2002
 SEL RN L69
 L86 415 S E1-E22/CRN

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:12:20 ON 01 OCT 2002
 L87 552 S L86
 L88 17254 S L38-L52, L82-L85, L87
 L89 7608 S OXFLOXACIN OR AZT OR RUBROMYCIN OR PURPUROMYCIN OR DIDEOXYINO
 L90 29 S FOMIVIRSEN OR CATION?(L) PROPHYRIN?
 L91 2408 S ZIDOVUDINE
 L92 19972 S L88-L91
 L93 12 S L92 AND L72
 E HAIR/CT
 E E3+ALL
 L94 12678 S E6, E5
 L95 8391 S E10-E14
 E E17+ALL
 L96 13115 S E2
 E E9+ALL
 E E15+ALL
 L97 1847 S E4
 E E7+ALL
 E E17+ALL
 L98 6514 S E6, E7
 E E9+ALL
 E E19+ALL
 L99 712 S E2
 L100 29 S L72 AND L94-L99
 L101 29 S L72 AND HAIR
 L102 29 S L100, L101
 L103 0 S L102 AND L93
 L104 0 S L102 AND ?TELOMERAS?
 L105 46 S L92 AND L94-L99
 L106 54 S L92 AND HAIR
 L107 63 S L105, L106
 L108 45 S L107 AND (1 OR 62 OR 63)/SC, SX
 L109 18 S L107 NOT L108
 SEL DN AN L108 14 15 26 36 38 44 45
 L110 7 S L108 AND E1-E21

=> fil hcaplus
 FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:40:43 ON 01 OCT 2002
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 1 Oct 2002 VOL 137 ISS 14
 FILE LAST UPDATED: 30 Sep 2002 (20020930/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

CAS roles have been modified effective December 16, 2001. Please check your SDI profiles to see if they need to be revised. For information on CAS roles, enter HELP ROLES at an arrow prompt or use the CAS Roles thesaurus (/RL field) in this file.

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L110 ANSWER 1 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 2000:117139 HCAPLUS

DN 132:177442

TI Assembly of **telomerase** components and chaperonins and methods and compositions for inhibiting or stimulating **telomerase** assembly

IN White, Michael A.

PA Geron Corporation, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 50 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C12N009-12

ICS C12Q001-48; G01N033-573; G01N033-50; A61K038-45

CC 7-5 (Enzymes)

Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2000008135	A1	20000217	WO 1999-US17724	19990805
	W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 9953381	A1	20000228	AU 1999-53381	19990805
PRAI	US 1998-95976P	P	19980809		
	WO 1999-US17724	W	19990805		
AB	Methods and compns. for assembling active telomerase in vitro and in cells, be they in culture or in vivo, are provided, as are methods and compns. for inhibiting or enhancing telomerase activity through modulation of telomerase assembly. In certain preferred embodiments, methods are provided for the in vitro assembly of a telomerase protein component and a telomerase RNA component, wherein the methods involve the addn. of one or more chaperonin				

mols., particularly substantially purified or recombinant **telomerase** chaperonins, which include the proteins hsp40, hsp70, hsp90, p23 and HOP. In such methods, one or more **telomerase** chaperonins are combined in a reaction mixt. that also comprises the catalytic protein and RNA components of **telomerase**. This invention is based on the discovery that phosphoprotein p23 interacts and promotes assembly of **telomerase** activity, and that the hsp90 inhibitor geldanamycin blocks the enhancement of **telomerase** reconstitution. **Telomerase** activity is also enhanced by addn. of heat-shock proteins 40 and 70 as well as by HOP (heat shock protein organizing protein). Screening methods for identifying **telomerase** assembly and activity inhibitors are also provided, along with methods for stimulating or inhibiting **telomerase** activity and assembly.

ST **telomerase** assembly reverse transcriptase RNA chaperonin; drug design screening **telomerase** assembly assay

IT Proteins, specific or class

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (HOP (heat-shock protein-organizing protein); assembly of **telomerase** components and chaperonins and methods and compns. for inhibiting or stimulating **telomerase** assembly)

IT Heat-shock proteins

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (HSP 70; assembly of **telomerase** components and chaperonins and methods and compns. for inhibiting or stimulating **telomerase** assembly)

IT Heat-shock proteins

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (HSP 90; assembly of **telomerase** components and chaperonins and methods and compns. for inhibiting or stimulating **telomerase** assembly)

IT Animal cell line

(HT-1080; assembly of **telomerase** components and chaperonins and methods and compns. for inhibiting or stimulating **telomerase** assembly)

IT Nervous system

(Huntington's chorea, treatment of; assembly of **telomerase** components and chaperonins and methods and compns. for inhibiting or stimulating **telomerase** assembly)

IT Animal cell

Anti-Alzheimer's agents

Anti-infective agents

Antiparkinsonian agents

Antitumor agents

Bird (Aves)

Cat (Felis catus)

Cattle

Dog (Canis familiaris)

Drug screening

Drugs

Gene therapy

Horse (Equus caballus)

Molecular association

Sheep

Swine

Vertebrate (Vertebrata)

(assembly of **telomerase** components and chaperonins and methods and compns. for inhibiting or stimulating **telomerase** assembly)

IT Antisense oligonucleotides
Ribozymes

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(assembly of **telomerase** components and chaperonins and
methods and compns. for inhibiting or stimulating **telomerase**
assembly)

IT Joint, anatomical
(degeneration, treatment of; assembly of **telomerase**
components and chaperonins and methods and compns. for inhibiting or
stimulating **telomerase** assembly)

IT Blood vessel
(endothelium, treatment of conditions assocd. with replicative capacity
of; assembly of **telomerase** components and chaperonins and
methods and compns. for inhibiting or stimulating **telomerase**
assembly)

IT Hair
(follicle, treatment of conditions assocd. with replicative capacity
of; assembly of **telomerase** components and chaperonins and
methods and compns. for inhibiting or stimulating **telomerase**
assembly)

IT Heat-shock proteins
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU
(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
(hsp 40; assembly of **telomerase** components and chaperonins
and methods and compns. for inhibiting or stimulating
telomerase assembly)

IT Antitumor agents
(leukemia; assembly of **telomerase** components and chaperonins
and methods and compns. for inhibiting or stimulating
telomerase assembly)

IT Eye, disease
(macula, degeneration, treatment of; assembly of **telomerase**
components and chaperonins and methods and compns. for inhibiting or
stimulating **telomerase** assembly)

IT Cell proliferation
(modulating disorders of; assembly of **telomerase** components
and chaperonins and methods and compns. for inhibiting or stimulating
telomerase assembly)

IT Hematopoietic precursor cell
Lymphocyte
(natural killer cell, treatment of conditions assocd. with replicative
capacity of; assembly of **telomerase** components and
chaperonins and methods and compns. for inhibiting or stimulating
telomerase assembly)

IT Bone marrow
(osteoprogenitor cell, treatment of conditions assocd. with replicative
capacity of; assembly of **telomerase** components and
chaperonins and methods and compns. for inhibiting or stimulating
telomerase assembly)

IT Eye
(pigment epithelium, treatment of conditions assocd. with replicative
capacity of; assembly of **telomerase** components and
chaperonins and methods and compns. for inhibiting or stimulating
telomerase assembly)

IT Brain, disease
(stroke, treatment of; assembly of **telomerase** components and
chaperonins and methods and compns. for inhibiting or stimulating
telomerase assembly)

IT Chaperonins
RNA
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU
(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
(**telomerase** component; assembly of **telomerase**
components and chaperonins and methods and compns. for inhibiting or
stimulating **telomerase** assembly)

IT B cell (lymphocyte)
 Basophil
 Chondrocyte
 Fibroblast
 Monocyte
 Neutrophil
 Osteoblast
 T cell (lymphocyte)
 (treatment of conditions assocd. with replicative capacity of; assembly of **telomerase** components and chaperonins and methods and compns. for inhibiting or stimulating **telomerase** assembly)

IT Alopecia
 Cell aging
 (treatment of; assembly of **telomerase** components and chaperonins and methods and compns. for inhibiting or stimulating **telomerase** assembly)

IT 30562-34-6, Geldanamycin
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (assembly of **telomerase** components and chaperonins and methods and compns. for inhibiting or stimulating **telomerase** assembly)

IT 120178-12-3, Telomerase reverse transcriptase
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
 (assembly of **telomerase** components and chaperonins and methods and compns. for inhibiting or stimulating **telomerase** assembly)

IT 197183-99-6 243940-92-3, 4: PN: WO0008135 SEQID: 6 unclaimed DNA
 243940-93-4, 3: PN: WO0008135 SEQID: 5 unclaimed DNA 259238-19-2, 2: PN: WO0008135 SEQID: 4 unclaimed DNA
 RL: PRP (Properties)
 (unclaimed nucleotide sequence; assembly of **telomerase** components and chaperonins and methods and compns. for inhibiting or stimulating **telomerase** assembly)

RE.CNT 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

(1) Univ California; WO 9801542 A 1998 HCPLUS
 (2) Weinrich; NATURE GENETICS 1997, V17, P498 HCPLUS

IT 120178-12-3, Telomerase reverse transcriptase
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
 (assembly of **telomerase** components and chaperonins and methods and compns. for inhibiting or stimulating **telomerase** assembly)

RN 120178-12-3 HCPLUS

CN Nucleotidyltransferase, terminal deoxyribo- (telomeric DNA) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

L110 ANSWER 2 OF 7 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 2000:83232 HCPLUS

DN 132:127477

TI Cosmetic and dermatological preparations with an effective content of bile acids, their salts or derivatives

IN Schreiner, Volker; Lanzendoerfer, Ghita

PA Beiersdorf A.-G., Germany

SO Ger. Offen., 12 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

IC ICM A61K007-48

ICS A61K007-50; A61K007-027; A61K007-32; A61K007-075
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
 Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	DE 19834814	A1	20000203	DE 1998-19834814	19980801
	WO 2000007557	A1	20000217	WO 1999-EP5157	19990720
	W: JP, US				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	EP 1100455	A1	20010523	EP 1999-938295	19990720
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
PRAI	DE 1998-19834814	A	19980801		
	WO 1999-EP5157	W	19990720		
AB	Topical application of preps. contg. bile acids, their salts and/or derivs. restores or reinforces the barrier function of the skin, counteracts skin drying and aging, and protects the skin from environmental influences. Thus, a gel contained sucrose stearate 3.00, cetearyl alc. 2.00, deoxycholic acid 0.02, Carbopol 0.50, glycerin 3.00, antioxidants, preservatives, neutralizing agents, perfume, dyes, and H2O to 100 wt.%.				
ST	skin barrier bile acid salt; deoxycholate skin drying				
IT	Cosmetics (barrier creams; cosmetic and dermatol. preps. contg. bile acids, their salts or derivs.)				
IT	Cosmetics (barrier gels; cosmetic and dermatol. preps. contg. bile acids, their salts or derivs.)				
IT	Cosmetics Hair preparations (conditioners; cosmetic and dermatol. preps. contg. bile acids, their salts or derivs.)				
IT	Shampoos (conditioning; cosmetic and dermatol. preps. contg. bile acids, their salts or derivs.)				
IT	Bile acids Bile salts RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (cosmetic and dermatol. preps. contg. bile acids, their salts or derivs.)				
IT	Cosmetics Drug delivery systems (emulsions; cosmetic and dermatol. preps. contg. bile acids, their salts or derivs.)				
IT	Drug delivery systems (gels; cosmetic and dermatol. preps. contg. bile acids, their salts or derivs.)				
IT	Cosmetics (lipsticks; cosmetic and dermatol. preps. contg. bile acids, their salts or derivs.)				
IT	Cosmetics Drug delivery systems (lotions; cosmetic and dermatol. preps. contg. bile acids, their salts or derivs.)				
IT	Cosmetics (makeups; cosmetic and dermatol. preps. contg. bile acids, their salts or derivs.)				
IT	Bath preparations (oils; cosmetic and dermatol. preps. contg. bile acids, their salts or derivs.)				

IT Cosmetics
 Drug delivery systems
 (oily; cosmetic and dermatol. prepns. contg. bile acids, their salts or derivs.)

IT Drug delivery systems
 (ointments, creams; cosmetic and dermatol. prepns. contg. bile acids, their salts or derivs.)

IT Drug delivery systems
 (ointments; cosmetic and dermatol. prepns. contg. bile acids, their salts or derivs.)

IT Antiperspirants
 (roll-on; cosmetic and dermatol. prepns. contg. bile acids, their salts or derivs.)

IT Cosmetics
 Drug delivery systems
 (sprays; cosmetic and dermatol. prepns. contg. bile acids, their salts or derivs.)

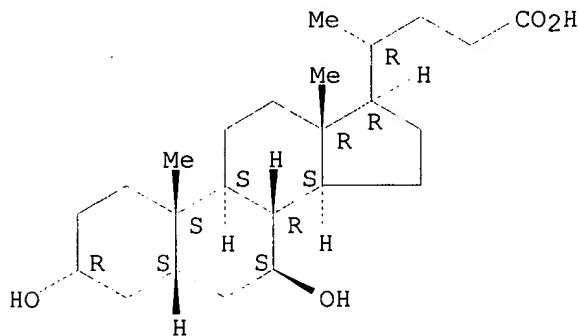
IT Drug delivery systems
 (topical; cosmetic and dermatol. prepns. contg. bile acids, their salts or derivs.)

IT 81-23-2, Dehydrocholic acid 81-24-3, Taurocholic acid 83-44-3,
 Deoxycholic acid 128-13-2, Ursodeoxycholic acid 434-13-9,
 Lithocholic acid 475-31-0, Glycocholic acid 516-50-7, Taurodeoxycholic acid 516-90-5, Taurolithocholic acid
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (cosmetic and dermatol. prepns. contg. bile acids, their salts or derivs.)

IT 128-13-2, Ursodeoxycholic acid
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (cosmetic and dermatol. prepns. contg. bile acids, their salts or derivs.)

RN 128-13-2 HCPLUS
 CN Cholan-24-oic acid, 3,7-dihydroxy-, (3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L110 ANSWER 3 OF 7 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1998:274854 HCPLUS

DN 129:27504

TI Secretion stimulants and oral compositions containing bile acid

IN Kosuga, Masanori; Kosuga, Takuo; Fukushima, Makoto; Inaoka, Yasunori;
 Okuda, Takehiro

PA Doctor's Cosmetics Y. K., Japan; Pola Chemical Industries, Inc.

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent
 LA Japanese
 IC ICM A61K035-413
 ICS A23L001-30; A61K007-06; A61K031-575
 CC 18-5 (Animal Nutrition)
 Section cross-reference(s): 1, 17, 62
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 10114665	A2	19980506	JP 1996-272724	19961015
AB	Title stimulants, useful for foods and pharmaceuticals, contain bile acid and/or its salts. The stimulants show skin conditioning effect, treatment of skin diseases, and stimulation of hair growth, digestive juice secretion, sweating, defecation, and urination.				
ST	secretion stimulant oral bile acid; food secretion stimulant bile acid; pharmaceutical secretion stimulant bile acid				
IT	Dermatitis (atopic, treatment; secretion stimulants contg. bile acids for foods and pharmaceuticals)				
IT	Skin, disease (dermatomycosis, treatment; secretion stimulants contg. bile acids for foods and pharmaceuticals)				
IT	Skin, disease (dry, treatment; secretion stimulants contg. bile acids for foods and pharmaceuticals)				
IT	Hair (growth stimulation; secretion stimulants contg. bile acids for foods and pharmaceuticals)				
IT	Skin, disease Skin, disease (injury, treatment; secretion stimulants contg. bile acids for foods and pharmaceuticals)				
IT	Drug delivery systems (oral; secretion stimulants contg. bile acids for foods and pharmaceuticals)				
IT	Skin, disease (pigmentation, treatment; secretion stimulants contg. bile acids for foods and pharmaceuticals)				
IT	Candy Defecation Digestive juice Micturition Secretion (process) Sweat (secretion stimulants contg. bile acids for foods and pharmaceuticals)				
IT	Bile acids RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (secretion stimulants contg. bile acids for foods and pharmaceuticals)				
IT	Dermatitis Keratosis Psoriasis Wart (treatment; secretion stimulants contg. bile acids for foods and pharmaceuticals)				
IT	81-25-4, Cholic acid 145-41-5, Sodium dehydrocholate 145-42-6, Sodium taurocholate 302-95-4, Sodium deoxycholate 361-09-1, Sodium cholate 863-57-0, Sodium glycocholate 1180-95-6, Sodium taurodeoxycholate 2646-38-0, Sodium chenodeoxycholate 2898-95-5, Sodium ursodeoxycholate 6009-98-9, Sodium taurochenodeoxycholate 13284-86-1, Sodium lithocholate 16409-34-0, Sodium glycodeoxycholate 16564-43-5, Sodium glycochenodeoxycholate 24404-83-9, Sodium glycolithocholate				

41945-48-6 89314-78-3

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(secretion stimulants contg. bile acids for foods and pharmaceuticals)

IT 2898-95-5, Sodium ursodeoxycholate

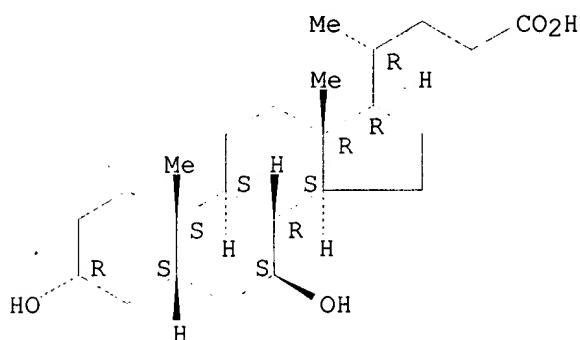
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(secretion stimulants contg. bile acids for foods and pharmaceuticals)

RN 2898-95-5 HCPLUS

CN Cholan-24-oic acid, 3,7-dihydroxy-, monosodium salt,
(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● Na

L110 ANSWER 4 OF 7 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1993:633699 HCPLUS

DN 119:233699

TI Hair preparations containing levodopa

IN Rizzo, Antonio

PA Spain

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 6 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K007-06

ICS B05C009-04

CC 62-3 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 565010	A1	19931013	EP 1993-105555	19930403

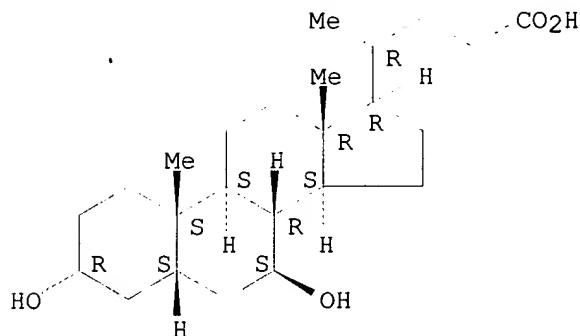
R: DE, ES, FR

PRAI IT 1992-PN30 19920410

AB Hair prepns. for stimulation of new hair growth, reinvigoration of existing hair, and promotion of hair repigmentation, comprises levodopa as an active substance and further contains a phosphoric acid salt to strengthen the activation of the local microcirculation, a decarboxylase inhibitor to prevent the compn. from spoiling, and a deoxycholic acid to remove the excess of scalp sebum. A hair lotion contg. levodopa 2.5, creatine phosphate 0.5, ursodeoxycholic acid 0.6, ascorbic acid 0.12g, fragrance q.s., and EtOH/water to 100 mL., is claimed.

ST hair tonic levodopa phosphate deoxycholate ascorbate
 IT Hair preparations
 (lotions, levodopa and creatine phosphate and ascorbate and
 ursodeoxycholate in)
 IT Hair preparations
 (tonics, levodopa and creatine phosphate and ascorbate and
 ursodeoxycholate in)
 IT 59-92-7, Levodopa, biological studies
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (hair tonics contg.)
 IT 50-81-7, L-Ascorbic acid, biological studies 67-07-2, Creatine phosphate
 83-44-3D, Deoxycholic acid, derivs. 128-13-2, Ursodeoxycholic
 acid 7664-38-2D, Phosphoric acid, salts
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (hair tonics contg. levodopa and)
 IT 9027-22-9, Decarboxylase
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (inhibitors, hair tonics contg. levodopa and)
 IT 128-13-2, Ursodeoxycholic acid
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (hair tonics contg. levodopa and)
 RN 128-13-2 HCPLUS
 CN Cholan-24-oic acid, 3,7-dihydroxy-, (3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.beta.)- (9CI) (CA
 INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L110 ANSWER 5 OF 7 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1993:97315 HCPLUS

DN 118:97315

TI Analysis of ofloxacin in hair as a measure of hair
 growth and as a time marker for hair analysis

AU Miyazawa, Norio; Uematsu, Toshihiko

CS Sch. Med., Hamamatsu Univ., Hamamatsu, 431-31, Japan

SO Therapeutic Drug Monitoring (1992), 14(6), 525-8

CODEN: TDMODV; ISSN: 0163-4356

DT Journal

LA English

CC 9-3 (Biochemical Methods)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 4, 13

AB The distribution of ofloxacin (OFLX) along a single hair shaft
 was analyzed in detail for use as an index of hair growth and as
 a time marker for drug anal. in hair. A single hair obtained
 from each of seven subjects, who had taken OFLX for 1-4 days (total of
 200-1200 mg) 2.7-5.3 mo before hair sampling, was cut into
 1-cm-long portions successively from its scalp end. OFLX in each
 hair portion was measured by high-performance liq. chromatog. with
 a fluorescence detector, and the distance from the scalp end of the

hair portion contg. OFLX was detd. Then the other 2-cm long segment of hair, which had the above-detd. distance at its middle, was cut successively into 2-mm-long pieces and OFLX was detd. in each piece. This procedure was repeated in a total of three to four hair strands collected from one subject. OFLX was obsd. to distribute only in one to three consecutive 2-mm-long pieces of hair, showing no large diffusion of OFLX along the hair shaft with time. Therefore, OFLX distribution may serve as a time marker for analyzing other drugs in hair. Hair growth rate could be thus estd. and ranged from 0.99 to 1.27 cm/mo (1.12 .+- .0.11 cm/mo, mean .+- .SD) among individuals. The intraindividual variability of hair growth rate was 4.8-18.1% (10.3 .+- .5.1%) as coeff. of variation.

ST ofloxacin detn chromatog hair growth; liq chromatog ofloxacin hair growth

IT Hair

(of ofloxacin detn. in, by HPLC in human, as growth marker)

IT 82419-36-1, Ofloxacin

RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)

(detn. of, by HPLC human, as hair growth rate marker)

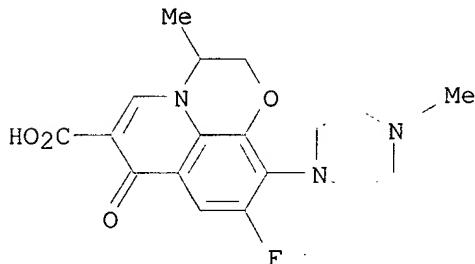
IT 82419-36-1, Ofloxacin

RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)

(detn. of, by HPLC human, as hair growth rate marker)

RN 82419-36-1 HCAPLUS

CN 7H-Pyrido[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazine-6-carboxylic acid,
9-fluoro-2,3-dihydro-3-methyl-10-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-7-oxo- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



L110 ANSWER 6 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1981:127147 HCAPLUS

DN 94:127147

TI Cosmetic agent for treating the hair and scalp

PA Also Laboratori S.a.S. Dr. P. Sorbini e Co., Italy

SO Austrian, 5 pp.

CODEN: AUXXAK

DT Patent

LA German

IC A61K007-06

CC 62-3 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	AT 360160	B	19801229	AT 1978-4522	19780621
	AT 7804522	A	19800515		

AB A cosmetic for treating the hair and scalp to reduce scaling and hair loss contains 0.6-1% by wt. chenodeoxycholic acid [474-25-9] or ursodeoxycholic acid [128-13-2], or their salts or derivs. and 0.1-0.25% by wt. retinoic acid [302-79-4]. The prepn. has a pH of approx. 6, and has a base contg. glycerol, propylene glycol, and (or)

EtOH, with other optional ingredients.

ST bile acid retinoate scalp hair; dandruff bile acid retinoate; alopecia bile acid retinoate

IT **Alopecia**
Dandruff
(bile acids and retinoic acid prepn. for control of)

IT 302-79-4
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(hair and scalp prepn. contg. bile acids and)

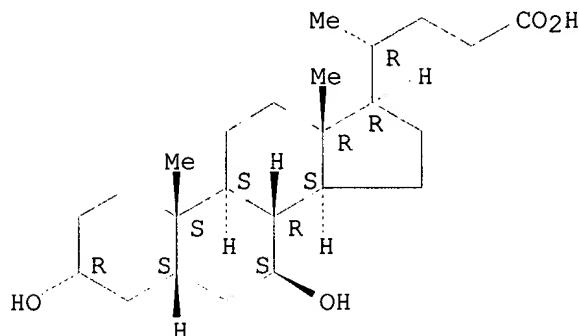
IT 128-13-2 474-25-9
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(hair and scalp prepn. contg. retinoic acid and)

IT 128-13-2
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(hair and scalp prepn. contg. retinoic acid and)

RN 128-13-2 HCAPLUS

CN Cholan-24-oic acid, 3,7-dihydroxy-, (3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L110 ANSWER 7 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1978:494892 HCAPLUS

DN 89:94892

TI Chemical composition for treatment of the scalp to prevent falling hair

IN Sorbini, Paolo

PA Also Laboratori S.a.S. Dr. P. Sorbini e Co., Italy

SO Ger. Offen., 8 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

IC A61K007-06

CC 62-3 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	DE 2758484	A1	19780706	DE 1977-2758484	19771228
	DE 2758484	C2	19870129		
	FR 2375859	A1	19780728	FR 1978-2	19780102
	FR 2375859	B1	19830729		
	GB 1560461	A	19800206	GB 1978-63	19780103
	US 4185099	A	19800122	US 1978-868563	19780110
	CH 636265	A	19830531	CH 1978-6949	19780626
	AU 528334	B2	19830428	AU 1978-37488	19780627
	AU 7837488	A1	19800103		
	CA 1106287	A1	19810804	CA 1978-306632	19780630
	JP 63001282	B4	19880112	JP 1978-80693	19780703

JP 55009007 A2 19800122
 PRAI IT 1977-19025 19770104

AB Compns. for treatment of the scalp to prevent hair loss contain 0.6-1% of a natural surfactant, such as a bile acid, which acts preferentially on fats and esp. on cholesterol, 0.10-0.25% of a cell proliferation regulator such as retinoic acid [302-79-4] or provitamin A, and vehicles or other optional ingredients. For example, a compn. contained retinoic acid 0.10, chenodeoxycholic acid [474-25-9] 0.70, nicotinamide 0.20, vitamin H1 0.10, glycerol 30 and propylene glycol 30 g with alc. to give 100 g.

ST hair loss bile acid compn; scalp conditioner bile acid; chenodeoxycholate scalp conditioner; retinoate chenodeoxycholate hair loss; ursodeoxycholate scalp hair loss

IT Scalp
 (bile acids compns. for treatment of, for hair loss prevention)

IT Hair preparations
 (for hair loss prevention, bile acids in)

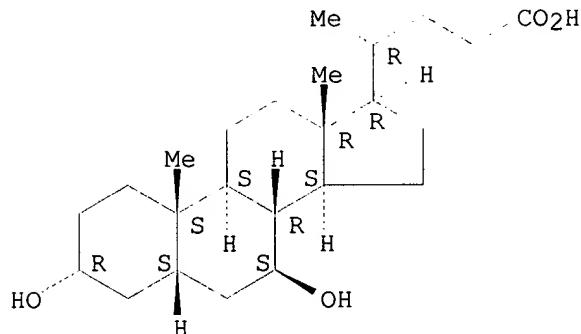
IT Bile acids
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (hair loss-preventing compns. contg.)

IT 128-13-2 302-79-4 474-25-9
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (hair loss-preventing compns. contg.)

IT 128-13-2
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (hair loss-preventing compns. contg.)

RN 128-13-2 HCAPLUS
 CN Cholan-24-oic acid, 3,7-dihydroxy-, (3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



=> sel hit rn 1110
 E22 THROUGH E25 ASSIGNED

=> fil reg
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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 30 SEP 2002 HIGHEST RN 457600-76-9
 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 30 SEP 2002 HIGHEST RN 457600-76-9

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 20, 2002

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details:
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

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          (120178-12-3/RN)
      1 2898-95-5/BI
          (2898-95-5/RN)
      1 82419-36-1/BI
          (82419-36-1/RN)
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L111 ANSWER 1 OF 4  REGISTRY  COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
RN  120178-12-3  REGISTRY
CN  Nucleotidyltransferase, terminal deoxyribo- (telomeric DNA) (9CI) (CA
    INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN  DNA telomerase
CN  Subunit (Mesocricetus auratus)
CN  Telomerase
CN  Telomerase reverse transcriptase
MF  Unspecified
CI  MAN
SR  CA
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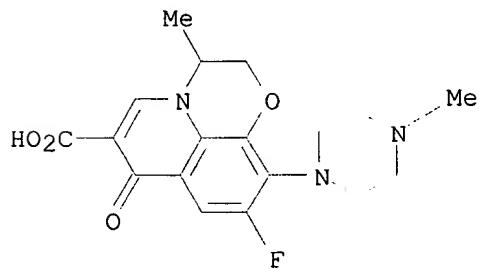
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 6 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 2758 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

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REFERENCE 10: 137:198909

L111 ANSWER 2 OF 4 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 RN 82419-36-1 REGISTRY
 CN 7H-Pyrido[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazine-6-carboxylic acid,
 9-fluoro-2,3-dihydro-3-methyl-10-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-7-oxo- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
 CN 7H-Pyrido[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazine-6-carboxylic acid,
 9-fluoro-2,3-dihydro-3-methyl-10-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-7-oxo-, (.+.-)-
 OTHER NAMES:
 CN (.+.-)-Ofloxacin
 CN 9-Fluoro-2,3-dihydro-3-methyl-10-(N-methylpiperazinyl)-7-oxo-7H-
 pyrido[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazine-6-carboxylic acid
 CN 9-Fluoro-3-methyl-10-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-7-oxo-2,3-dihydro-7H-
 pyrido[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazine-6-carboxylic acid
 CN DL 8280
 CN Floxal
 CN Floxin
 CN HOE 280
 CN Ocuflox
 CN Oflox
 CN Ofloxacin
 CN Ofloxacine
 CN ORF 18489
 CN PT 01
 CN Tarivid
 CN Visiren
 FS 3D CONCORD
 DR 85344-55-4, 83380-47-6, 86784-41-0, 303013-04-9
 MF C18 H20 F N3 O4
 CI COM
 LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, AQUIRE, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS,
 BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN,
 CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU, DIOGENES, DRUGNL, DRUGPAT, DRUGU,
 DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, IFICDB, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, PHAR,
 PHARMASEARCH, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, USAN, USPAT2,
 USPATFULL, VETU
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
 Other Sources: WHO



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

3423 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 31 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 3431 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

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 REFERENCE 3: 137:190519
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 REFERENCE 5: 137:182192
 REFERENCE 6: 137:179068
 REFERENCE 7: 137:169369
 REFERENCE 8: 137:166083
 REFERENCE 9: 137:166058
 REFERENCE 10: 137:152231

L111 ANSWER 3 OF 4 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 2898-95-5 REGISTRY

CN Cholan-24-oic acid, 3,7-dihydroxy-, monosodium salt,
 (3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5.beta.-Cholan-24-oic acid, 3.alpha.,7.beta.-dihydroxy-, monosodium salt
 (8CI)

CN Ursodeoxycholic acid, sodium salt (6CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Sodium ursodeoxycholate

CN Sodium ursodesoxycholate

FS STEREOSEARCH

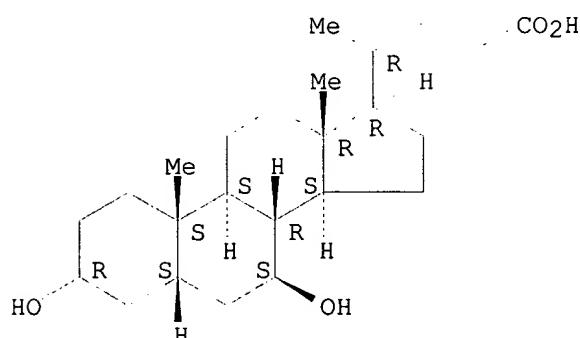
MF C24 H40 O4 . Na

CI COM

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAOLD,
 CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, EMBASE, IPA, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

CRN (128-13-2)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● Na

112 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

112 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 137:201494
REFERENCE 2: 137:59261
REFERENCE 3: 137:59260
REFERENCE 4: 137:37671
REFERENCE 5: 137:2216
REFERENCE 6: 135:362564
REFERENCE 7: 135:262268
REFERENCE 8: 134:198075
REFERENCE 9: 134:159863
REFERENCE 10: 134:141115

L111 ANSWER 4 OF 4 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 128-13-2 REGISTRY
CN Cholan-24-oic acid, 3,7-dihydroxy-, (3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.beta.)- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5.beta.-Cholan-24-oic acid, 3.alpha.,7.beta.-dihydroxy- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 17.beta.- (1-Methyl-3-carboxypropyl)etiocholane-3.alpha.,7.beta.-diol

CN 3.alpha.,7.beta.-Dihydroxy-5.beta.-cholan-24-oate

CN 3.alpha.,7.beta.-Dihydroxy-5.beta.-cholan-24-oic acid

CN 3.alpha.,7.beta.-Dihydroxy-5.beta.-cholanic acid

CN 3.alpha.,7.beta.-Dihydroxy-5.beta.-cholanoic acid

CN 3.alpha.,7.beta.-Dihydroxycholanic acid

CN 7.beta.-Hydroxylithocholic acid

CN Actigall

CN Desocol

CN Deursil

CN Urso

CN Ursocholic acid, deoxy-

CN Ursodeoxycholic acid

CN Ursodesoxycholic acid

CN Ursodiol

CN Ursofalk

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 50809-41-1, 80225-86-1

MF C24 H40 O4

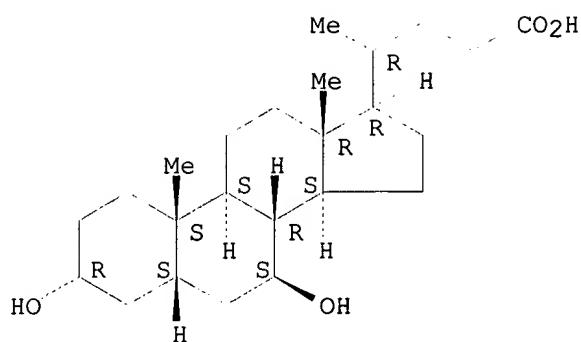
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CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM,
DDFU, DETHERM*, DIOGENES, DRUGU, EMBASE, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB,
IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC, PHAR, PHARMASEARCH, PROMT,
RTECS*, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, USAN, USPAT2, USPATFULL, VETU
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: EINECS**, WHO

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2246 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
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 9 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 137:199415
 REFERENCE 2: 137:198847
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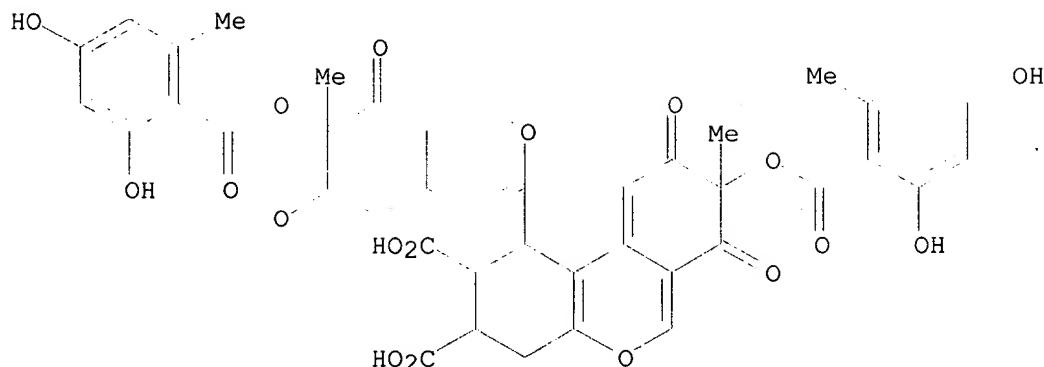
L112 ANSWER 1 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 RN 230287-51-1 REGISTRY
 CN 1H-Dibenzo[b,d]pyran-2,3-dicarboxylic acid, 8-[(2,4-dihydroxy-6-methylbenzoyl)oxy]-1-[7-[(2,4-dihydroxy-6-methylbenzoyl)oxy]-7,8-dihydro-7-methyl-6,8-dioxo-6H-2-benzopyran-3-yl]-2,3,4,7,8,9-hexahydro-8-methyl-7,9-dioxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN **Diazaphilonic acid**
 CN PF 1195
 FS STEREOSEARCH
 MF C42 H32 O18
 SR CA
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Rotation (-).

Currently available stereo shown.



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REFERENCE 2: 131:85211

L112 ANSWER 2 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 220862-87-3 REGISTRY

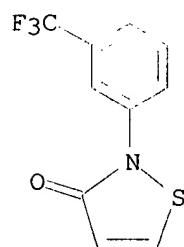
CN 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 2-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C10 H6 F3 N O S

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
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REFERENCE 2: 130:205115

L112 ANSWER 3 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

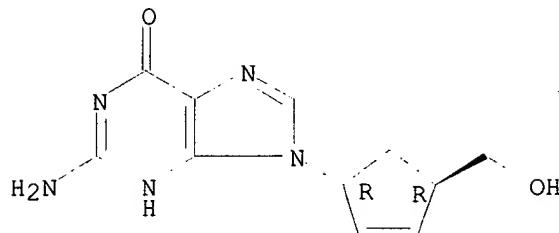
RN 172720-96-6 REGISTRY

CN 6H-Purin-6-one, 2-amino-1,9-dihydro-9-[4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]-, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C11 H13 N5 O2
 SR CA
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Relative stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 124:87664

L112 ANSWER 4 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 RN 144245-52-3 REGISTRY
 CN DNA, d(P-thio)(G-C-G-T-T-T-G-C-T-C-T-T-C-T-T-G-C-G) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Deoxyribonucleic acid, d(P-thio)(G-C-G-T-T-T-G-C-T-C-T-T-C-T-T-G-C-G)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Fomivirsen

CN ISIS 2922

FS NUCLEIC ACID SEQUENCE

MF C204 H263 N63 O114 P20 S20

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, CEN, CIN, DIOGENES, DRUGNL, DRUGPAT, DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, MRCK*, PROMT, TOXCENTER, USAN, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: WHO

RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

*** USE 'SQD' OR 'SQIDE' FORMATS TO DISPLAY SEQUENCE ***

35 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

36 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 136:240875

REFERENCE 2: 136:31314

REFERENCE 3: 136:14923

REFERENCE 4: 135:297927

REFERENCE 5: 134:261230

REFERENCE 6: 134:212581

REFERENCE 7: 134:25338

REFERENCE 8: 133:198688

REFERENCE 9: 133:114462

REFERENCE 10: 133:26363

L112 ANSWER 5 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 124915-24-8 REGISTRY

CN 6H-Purin-6-one, 2-amino-1,9-dihydro-9-[(1S,4R)-4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 6H-Purin-6-one, 2-amino-1,9-dihydro-9-[4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]-, (1S-cis)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN (+)-Carbovir

FS STEREOSEARCH

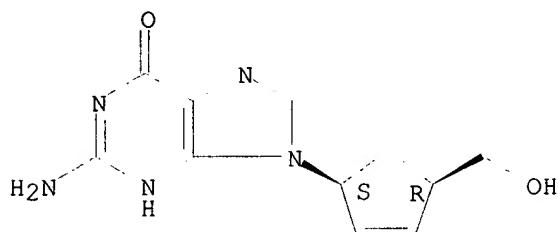
MF C11 H13 N5 O2

SR CA

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMINFORMRX, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

19 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

19 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 132:334705

REFERENCE 2: 131:199928

REFERENCE 3: 125:75411

REFERENCE 4: 124:9286

REFERENCE 5: 123:144465

REFERENCE 6: 121:301209

REFERENCE 7: 121:83824

REFERENCE 8: 118:51800

REFERENCE 9: 117:245031

REFERENCE 10: 117:244983

L112 ANSWER 6 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 120443-30-3 REGISTRY

CN 6H-Purin-6-one, 2-amino-1,9-dihydro-9-[(1R,4S)-4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 6H-Purin-6-one, 2-amino-1,9-dihydro-9-[4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]-, (1R-cis)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN (-)-Carbovir

FS STEREOSEARCH

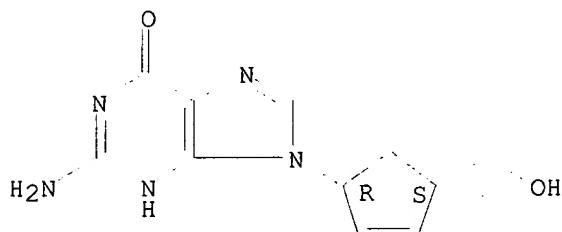
MF C11 H13 N5 O2

CI COM

SR CAS Registry Services

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMINFORMRX, IPA, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

77 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

77 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 136:167567

REFERENCE 2: 136:79728

REFERENCE 3: 135:13822

REFERENCE 4: 134:147790

REFERENCE 5: 134:110094

REFERENCE 6: 133:358877

REFERENCE 7: 133:193401

REFERENCE 8: 132:342742

REFERENCE 9: 132:237372

REFERENCE 10: 131:266562

L112 ANSWER 7 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 118353-05-2 REGISTRY

CN 6H-Purin-6-one, 2-amino-1,9-dihydro-9-[(1R,4S)-4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]-, rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 6H-Purin-6-one, 2-amino-1,9-dihydro-9-[4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]-, cis-(.+-.)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN (.+-.)-Carbovir

CN 6H-Purin-6-one, 2-amino-1,9-dihydro-9-[4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]-, cis-

CN Carbovir

CN GR 90352X

CN NSC 614846

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 124915-20-4

MF C11 H13 N5 O2

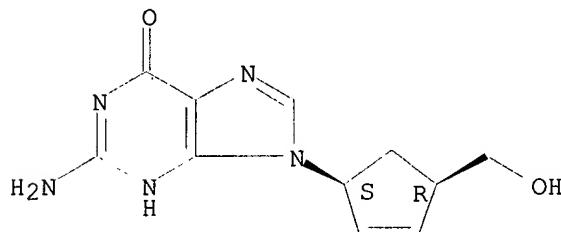
CI COM

SR CA

LC STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CEN, CHEMINFORMRX, CIN, DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, IPA, MEDLINE, PHAR, PROMT, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Relative stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

71 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

7 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

71 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:109438

REFERENCE 2: 137:93918

REFERENCE 3: 137:338

REFERENCE 4: 136:241028

REFERENCE 5: 136:144720

REFERENCE 6: 134:42012

REFERENCE 7: 133:213270

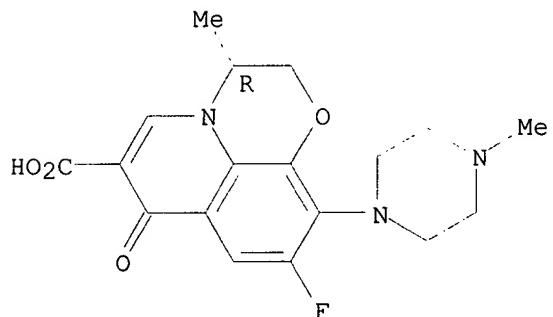
REFERENCE 8: 133:144278

REFERENCE 9: 133:129845

REFERENCE 10: 133:79174

RN 100986-86-5 REGISTRY
 CN 7H-Pyrido[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazine-6-carboxylic acid,
 9-fluoro-2,3-dihydro-3-methyl-10-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-7-oxo-, (3R)-
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
 CN 7H-Pyrido[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazine-6-carboxylic acid,
 9-fluoro-2,3-dihydro-3-methyl-10-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-7-oxo-, (R)-
 OTHER NAMES:
 CN (+)-Ofloxacin
 CN (R)-(+)-Ofloxacin
 CN (R)-Ofloxacin
 CN D-Ofloxacin
 CN DR 3354
 FS STEREOSEARCH
 MF C18 H20 F N3 O4
 SR CA
 LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA,
 CAPLUS, CASREACT, DRUGPAT, DRUGUPDATES, IPA, PHAR, PROMT, TOXCENTER,
 USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

93 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 93 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:130018
 REFERENCE 2: 136:226281
 REFERENCE 3: 136:97972
 REFERENCE 4: 136:91055
 REFERENCE 5: 136:63603
 REFERENCE 6: 136:50920
 REFERENCE 7: 135:376911
 REFERENCE 8: 135:146729
 REFERENCE 9: 135:101838

REFERENCE 10: 134:198177

L112 ANSWER 9 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 100986-85-4 REGISTRY

CN 7H-Pyrido[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazine-6-carboxylic acid,
9-fluoro-2,3-dihydro-3-methyl-10-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-7-oxo-, (3S)-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 7H-Pyrido[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazine-6-carboxylic acid,
9-fluoro-2,3-dihydro-3-methyl-10-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-7-oxo-, (S)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN (-)-Ofloxacin

CN (S)-(-)-Ofloxacin

CN (S)-Ofloxacin

CN Cravit

CN DR 3355

CN HR 355

CN Levaquin

CN Levofloxacin

CN RWJ 25213-097

CN Tavanic

FS STEREOSEARCH

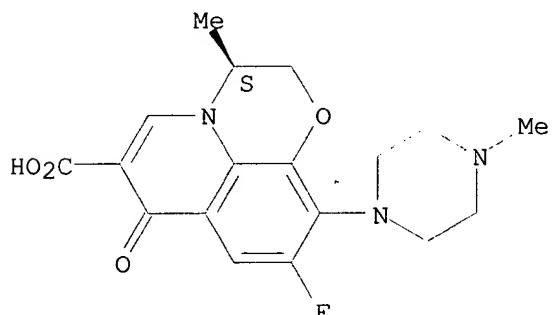
MF C18 H20 F N3 O4

CI COM

SR CA

LC STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*,
BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN,
CHEMCATS, CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU, DIOGENES, DRUGNL, DRUGPAT, DRUGU,
DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, PHAR, PHARMASEARCH, PROMT,
RTECS*, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1355 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

14 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

1373 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:198160

REFERENCE 2: 137:195042

REFERENCE 3: 137:182202

REFERENCE 4: 137:182198

REFERENCE 5: 137:182196

REFERENCE 6: 137:182195
 REFERENCE 7: 137:182194
 REFERENCE 8: 137:182192
 REFERENCE 9: 137:182176
 REFERENCE 10: 137:179415

L112 ANSWER 10 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 92739-63-4 REGISTRY

CN Pyridinium, 4,4',4'',4'''-(21H,23H-porphine-5,10,15,20-tetrayl)tetrakis[1-methyl-, tetrachloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

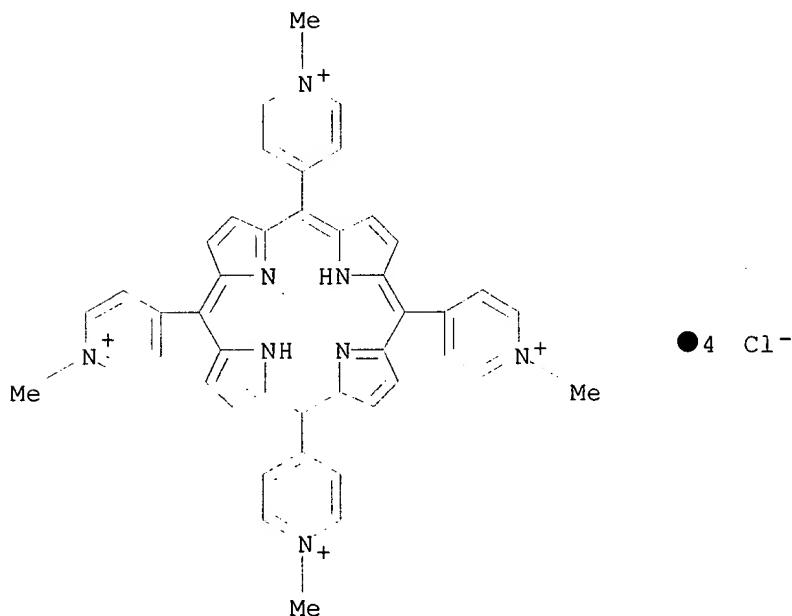
CN 5,10,15,20-Tetrakis(1-methylpyridinium-4-yl)porphyrin tetrachloride

MF C44 H38 N8 . 4 Cl

CI COM

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAPLUS, GMELIN*, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

CRN (38673-65-3)



51 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

4 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

51 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:162961
 REFERENCE 2: 137:29891
 REFERENCE 3: 136:294662
 REFERENCE 4: 136:151025
 REFERENCE 5: 135:327088

REFERENCE 6: 135:253342

REFERENCE 7: 134:366729

REFERENCE 8: 133:366681

REFERENCE 9: 133:237731

REFERENCE 10: 133:199251

L112 ANSWER 11 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 88899-62-1 REGISTRY

CN 3,10-Perylenedione, 1,2,12a,12b-tetrahydro-1,4,9,12a-tetrahydroxy-,
(1S,12aR,12bS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 3,10-Perylenedione, 1,2,12a,12b-tetrahydro-1,4,9,12a-tetrahydroxy-,
[1S-(1.alpha.,12a.beta.,12b.alpha.)]-

OTHER NAMES:

CN (+)-Alterperylenol

CN Alteichin

CN **Alterperylenol**

FS STEREOSEARCH

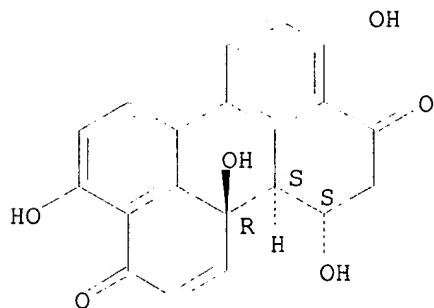
DR 95781-70-7

MF C20 H14 O6

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, MEDLINE,
NAPRALERT, TOXCENTER

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 131:39337

REFERENCE 2: 110:208999

REFERENCE 3: 110:151002

REFERENCE 4: 100:82450

L112 ANSWER 12 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

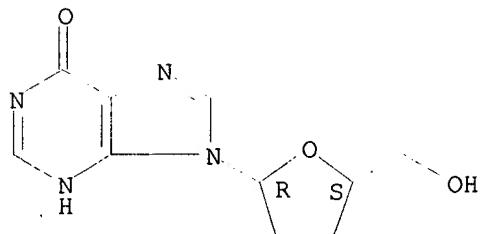
RN 69655-05-6 REGISTRY

CN Inosine, 2',3'-dideoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 2',3'-Dideoxyinosine
 CN 876: PN: WO02055741 SEQID: 891 claimed sequence
 CN BMY 40900
 CN DdI
 CN DdI (nucleoside)
 CN Didanosine
 CN **Dideoxyinosine**
 CN NSC 612049
 CN Videx
 FS STEREOSEARCH
 MF C10 H12 N4 O3
 CI COM
 LC STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*,
 BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CASREACT,
 CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU,
 DIOGENES, DRUGNL, DRUGPAT, DRUGU, DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, HSDB*, IPA,
 MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, PHAR, PROMT, RTECS*, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER,
 ULIDAT, USAN, USPAT2, USPATFULL, VETU
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
 Other Sources: DSL**
 (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1540 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 31 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 1551 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:206546
 REFERENCE 2: 137:195069
 REFERENCE 3: 137:195066
 REFERENCE 4: 137:195065
 REFERENCE 5: 137:195060
 REFERENCE 6: 137:195052
 REFERENCE 7: 137:195021
 REFERENCE 8: 137:195020
 REFERENCE 9: 137:190521

REFERENCE 10: 137:179859

L112 ANSWER 13 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 53969-01-0 REGISTRY

CN Spiro[benzo[1,2-b:5,4-c']dipyran-2(3H),2'(3'H)-naphtho[2,3-b]furan]-7-carboxylic acid, 4,5',8',9-tetrahydro-4',9',10-tetrahydroxy-7'-methoxy-5',8',9-trioxo-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

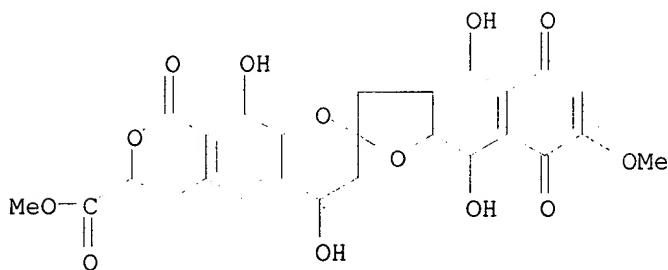
OTHER NAMES:

CN **Purpuromycin**

DR 56324-34-6

MF C26 H18 O13

CI COM

LC STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, NAPRALERT, PHAR, RTECS*, SPECINFO, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

22 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

22 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:150218

REFERENCE 2: 135:266637

REFERENCE 3: 134:242688

REFERENCE 4: 133:53163

REFERENCE 5: 129:202782

REFERENCE 6: 127:231797

REFERENCE 7: 126:157311

REFERENCE 8: 125:275480

REFERENCE 9: 124:170381

REFERENCE 10: 120:8408

L112 ANSWER 14 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

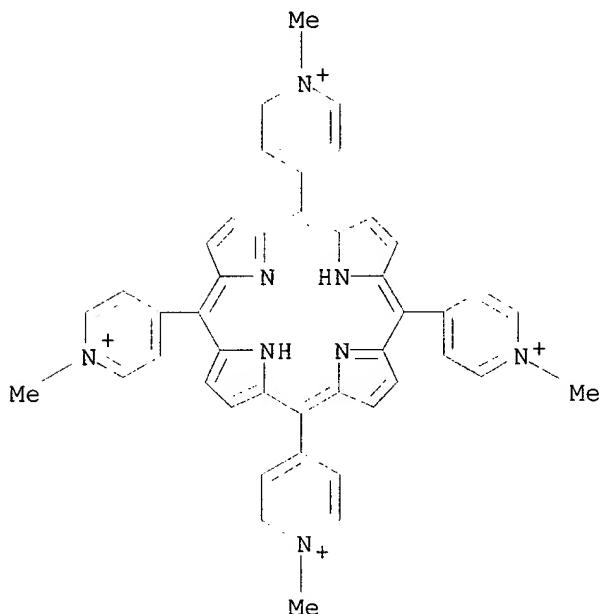
RN 38673-65-3 REGISTRY

CN Pyridinium, 4,4',4'',4'''-(21H,23H-porphine-5,10,15,20-tetrayl)tetrakis[1-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 5,10,15,20-Tetrakis(1-methyl-4-pyridyl)porphyrin

CN 5,10,15,20-Tetrakis(1-methylpyridinium-4-yl)porphyrin
 CN 5,10,15,20-Tetrakis(N-methyl-4-pyridyl)porphine
 CN 5,10,15,20-Tetrakis(N-methylpyridinium-4-yl)-21H,23H-porphine
 CN meso-Tetra(N-methyl-4-pyridyl)porphine(4+)
 CN meso-Tetrakis(4-N-methylpyridiniumyl)porphyrin
 CN meso-Tetrakis(N-methyl-4-pyridiniumyl)porphine
 CN meso-Tetrakis(N-methyl-4-pyridyl)porphine
 CN meso-Tetrakis(N-methylpyridinium-4-yl)porphyrin
 CN Tetra(N-methylpyridinium-4-yl)porphine
 CN Tetrakis(4-N-methylpyridyl)porphine
 DR 139290-19-0, 82358-79-0
 MF C44 H38 N8
 CI COM
 LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, GMELIN*,
 MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)



373 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 63 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 373 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:162961
 REFERENCE 2: 137:154661
 REFERENCE 3: 137:130228
 REFERENCE 4: 137:105827
 REFERENCE 5: 137:105820
 REFERENCE 6: 137:70433
 REFERENCE 7: 137:70142
 REFERENCE 8: 137:17200

REFERENCE 9: 137:191

REFERENCE 10: 136:334154

L112 ANSWER 15 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 30516-87-1 REGISTRY

CN Thymidine, 3'-azido-3'-deoxy- (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 3'-Azido-3'-deoxythymidine

CN 3'-Azidothymidine

CN 3'-Deoxy-3'-azidothymidine

CN 874: PN: WO02055741 SEQID: 889 claimed sequence

CN Azidothymidine

CN Aztidin

CN AZT

CN AZT (pharmaceutical)

CN BW-A 509U

CN NSC 602670

CN Retrovir

CN Retrovir IV

CN Timazid

CN ZDV

CN Zidovudine

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 399024-19-2

MF C10 H13 N5 O4

CI COM

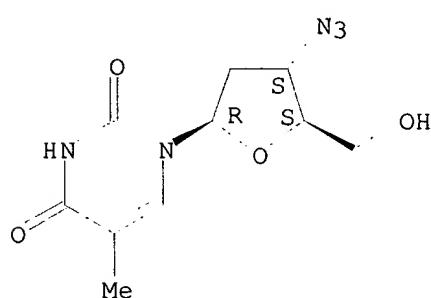
LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DIOGENES, DRUGNL, DRUGPAT, DRUGU, DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC, PHAR, PHARMASEARCH, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, ULIDAT, USAN, USPAT2, USPATFULL, VETU

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, WHO

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

4114 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

164 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

4132 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

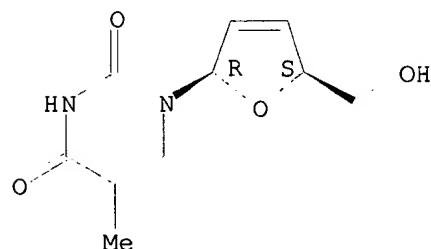
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 137:206546

REFERENCE 2: 137:206521
 REFERENCE 3: 137:195071
 REFERENCE 4: 137:195069
 REFERENCE 5: 137:195068
 REFERENCE 6: 137:195067
 REFERENCE 7: 137:195066
 REFERENCE 8: 137:195065
 REFERENCE 9: 137:195060
 REFERENCE 10: 137:195052

L112 ANSWER 16 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 RN 3056-17-5 REGISTRY
 CN Thymidine, 2',3'-didehydro-3'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
 CN 2'-Thymidinene, 3'-deoxy- (8CI)
 CN Thymine, 1-(2,3-dideoxy-.beta.-D-glycero-pent-2-enofuranosyl)- (7CI, 8CI)
 OTHER NAMES:
 CN 2',3'-Didehydro-3'-deoxythymidine
 CN 3'-Deoxy-2',3'-didehydrothymidine
 CN 879: PN: WO02055741 SEQID: 894 claimed sequence
 CN BMY 27857
 CN D 4T
 CN D 4T (nucleoside)
 CN Sanilvudine
 CN Stavudine
 CN Zerit
 FS STEREOSEARCH
 DR 132425-31-1
 MF C10 H12 N2 O4
 CI COM
 LC STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*,
 BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT,
 CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU, DIOGENES, DRUGNL,
 DRUGPAT, DRUGU, DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, PHAR, PROMT,
 RTECS*, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, USAN, USPAT2, USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
 Other Sources: WHO

Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1132 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
30 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
1145 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 137:199994

REFERENCE 2: 137:195071

REFERENCE 3: 137:195069

REFERENCE 4: 137:195065

REFERENCE 5: 137:195060

REFERENCE 6: 137:195052

REFERENCE 7: 137:195021

REFERENCE 8: 137:195020

REFERENCE 9: 137:179354

REFERENCE 10: 137:179352

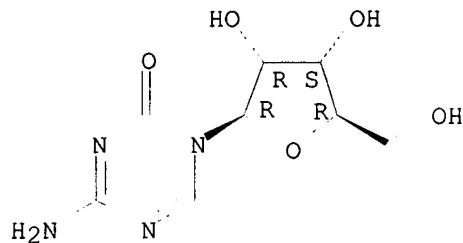
L112 ANSWER 17 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
RN 1393-16-4 REGISTRY
CN Rubromycin (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
MF Unspecified
CI MAN
LC STN Files: BIOSIS, EMBASE, RTECS*, TOXCENTER
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

L112 ANSWER 18 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
RN 320-67-2 REGISTRY
CN 1,3,5-Triazin-2(1H)-one, 4-amino-1-.beta.-D-ribofuranosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
CN s-Triazin-2(1H)-one, 4-amino-1-.beta.-D-ribofuranosyl- (8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN 18: PN: WO0148150 SEQID: 33 claimed sequence
CN 5-Azacytidine
CN Antibiotic U 18496
CN Azacitidine
CN Azacytidine
CN NSC 102816
CN NSC 103-627
CN U 18496
FS STEREOSEARCH
DR 292869-98-8
MF C8 H12 N4 O5
CI COM
LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC, PHAR, PROMT, RTECS*, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, USAN, USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)
Other Sources: EINECS**, WHO

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1181 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 20 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 1182 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)
 19 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 137:195104

REFERENCE 2: 137:149661

REFERENCE 3: 137:149551

REFERENCE 4: 137:119122

REFERENCE 5: 137:106328

REFERENCE 6: 137:104801

REFERENCE 7: 137:103510

REFERENCE 8: 137:103184

REFERENCE 9: 137:88442

REFERENCE 10: 137:57593

L112 ANSWER 19 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 243-58-3 REGISTRY

CN 10H-Quindoline (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Quindoline (7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Norcryptolepine

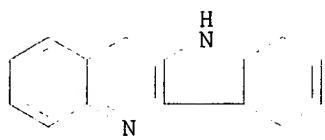
FS 3D CONCORD

MF C15 H10 N2

CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, IPA, MEDLINE, NAPRALERT, PIRA, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

30 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 30 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 137:63084

REFERENCE 2: 137:30439

REFERENCE 3: 135:318603

REFERENCE 4: 134:295759

REFERENCE 5: 134:5064

REFERENCE 6: 133:246808

REFERENCE 7: 132:227241

REFERENCE 8: 131:351518

REFERENCE 9: 131:199864

REFERENCE 10: 131:32082

L112 ANSWER 20 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 81-33-4 REGISTRY

CN Anthra[2,1,9-def:6,5,10-d'e'f']diisoquinoline-1,3,8,10(2H,9H)-tetrone
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 3,4,9,10-Perylenetetracarboxylic 3,4:9,10-diimide (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 3,4,9,10-Perylenetetracarboxylic acid diimide

CN 3,4,9,10-Perylenetetracarboxylic diimide

CN C.I. 71129

CN C.I. Pigment Brown 26

CN C.I. Pigment Violet 29

CN Euvinyl Maroon 478

CN NSC 16842

CN Paliogen Red Violet FM

CN Perrindo Violet V 4050

CN Perylimid

CN Pigment Violet 29

CN PTCDI

CN PV-Fast Bordeaux B

FS 3D CONCORD

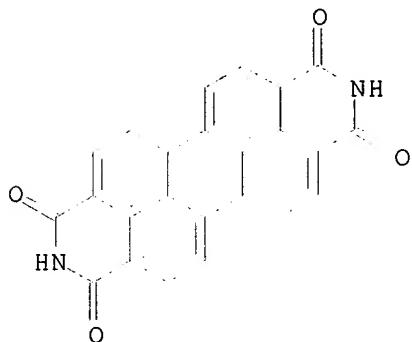
DR 12236-71-4

MF C24 H10 N2 O4

CI COM

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MSDS-OHS, SPECINFO, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)
 Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
 (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

189 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 31 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 189 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)
 4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 137:106041
 REFERENCE 2: 137:85715
 REFERENCE 3: 137:79677
 REFERENCE 4: 137:79671
 REFERENCE 5: 137:79331
 REFERENCE 6: 137:48617
 REFERENCE 7: 137:48616
 REFERENCE 8: 137:39571
 REFERENCE 9: 137:17455
 REFERENCE 10: 136:404263

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 FILE LAST UPDATED: 30 Sep 2002 (20020930/ED)

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=> d bib abs hitrn tot 1102

L102 ANSWER 1 OF 29 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 AN 2001:738893 HCPLUS
 DN 135:293717
 TI Inhibitor of alkaline phosphatase for reduction of hair growth
 IN Styczynski, Peter; Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.
 PA USA
 SO U.S., 6 pp.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI US 6299865	B1	20011009	US 2000-561657	20000502
AB Mammalian hair growth is reduced by applying to the skin an inhibitor of alk. phosphatase other than cromoglycate or a salt thereof. A topical compn. contained tetramisole 10% in a vehicle comprising water 68, ethanol 16, propylene glycol 5, dipropylene glycol 5, benzyl alc. 4, and propylene carbonate 2%. The compn. reduced hair growth in hamster by 62%.				

 RE.CNT 87 THERE ARE 87 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L102 ANSWER 2 OF 29 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 AN 2001:366720 HCPLUS
 DN 134:371790
 TI Reduction of hair growth with ceramide analogs
 IN Styczynski, Peter; Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.
 PA USA
 SO U.S., 5 pp.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI US 6235737	B1	20010522	US 2000-490486	20000125
WO 2001054654	A2	20010802	WO 2001-US2173	20010123
WO 2001054654	A3	20020221		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				

PRAI US 2000-490486 A1 20000125

AB Mammalian hair growth is reduced by applying to the skin a compn. that increases cellular ceramide levels. Compns. were prep'd. contg. derivs. such as 1-phenyl-2-decanoylelamino-3-morpholino-1-propanol or N-hexanoylsphingosine in vehicles and the compns. were tested for their effect on hair growth.

L102 ANSWER 3 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 2000:608546 HCAPLUS

DN 133:198419

TI Reduction of hair growth by tyrosine kinase inhibitors

IN Henry, James P.; Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.

PA The Gillette Company, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 17 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2000050002	A1	20000831	WO 2000-US4198	20000218
	W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 6121269	A	20000919	US 1999-255063	19990222
	BR 2000008239	A	20011106	BR 2000-8239	20000218
	EP 1156775	A1	20011128	EP 2000-914636	20000218
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				

PRAI US 1999-255063 A1 19990222

WO 2000-US4198 W 20000218

AB Mammalian hair growth is reduced by applying to the skin an inhibitor of protein-tyrosine kinase. A method is described for applying to the skin a compn. including an inhibitor of protein-tyrosine kinases in an amt. effective to reduce hair growth. The unwanted hair growth which is reduced may be normal hair growth, or hair growth that results from an abnormal or diseased condition. The preferred compn. includes at least one inhibitor of protein-tyrosine kinase in a cosmetically and/or dermatol. acceptable vehicle. The compn. may be a solid, semi-solid, or liq. The compn. may be, for example, a cosmetic and dermatol. product in the form of an, for example, ointment, lotion, foam, cream, gel, or hydroalcoholic soln. The compn. may also be in the form of a shaving prep'n. or an aftershave. Human hair follicle growth assays showed that tyrphostin A48, erbstatin, lavendustin A, Me caffeate, and tyrphostin AG1478 showed the inhibition rate of 40-100 %.

RE.CNT 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L102 ANSWER 4 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 2000:78846 HCAPLUS

DN 132:112773

TI Reduction of hair growth by inhibitors of alkaline phosphatase

IN Styczynski, Peter; Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.

PA Gillette Co., USA

SO U.S., 5 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 6020006	A	20000201	US 1998-179267	19981027
	WO 2000024368	A1	20000504	WO 1999-US23835	19991014
	W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 9964289	A1	20000515	AU 1999-64289	19991014
	BR 9914925	A	20010710	BR 1999-14925	19991014
	EP 1124531	A1	20010822	EP 1999-951968	19991014
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
PRAI	US 1998-179267	A1	19981027		
	WO 1999-US23835	W	19991014		
AB	Mammalian hair growth is reduced by applying to the skin an inhibitor of alk. phosphatase in a cosmetically and/or dermatol. acceptable vehicle. A compn. was prep'd. contg. 10% tetramisole or 1% Na orthovanadate in a vehicle comprising water 68%, ethanol 16%, propylene glycol 5%, dipropylene glycol 5%, benzyl alc. 4%, and propylene carbonate 2%. Human hair follicle growth rate, quantified by hair follicle length, was inhibited in a dose dependent manner by these agents. Tetramisole caused a 42.+-5% inhibition of hair growth at a 0.5 mM dose, and Na orthovanadate caused 58.+-8% redn. in growth rate at a 0.1 mM concn.				

RE.CNT 55 THERE ARE 55 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L102 ANSWER 5 OF 29 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1999:635464 HCPLUS

DN 131:252593

TI Reduction of hair growth using inhibitors of matrix metalloproteinases

IN Styczynski, Peter; Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.; Shander, Douglas

PA USA

SO U.S., 5 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 764,980, abandoned.
 CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 5962466	A	19991005	US 1998-14187	19980127
	ZA 9711121	A	19980623	ZA 1997-11121	19971210
	WO 9962465	A1	19991209	WO 1998-US11083	19980601
	W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 9877104	A1	19991220	AU 1998-77104	19980601

BR 9815884 A 20010220 BR 1998-15884 19980601
 EP 1083863 A1 20010321 EP 1998-925074 19980601
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI
 PRAI US 1996-764980 B2 19961213
 WO 1998-US11083 A 19980601

AB Mammalian hair growth is reduced by inhibiting the activity of a matrix metalloproteinase in the skin.

RE.CNT 60 THERE ARE 60 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L102 ANSWER 6 OF 29 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1999:487201 HCPLUS

DN 131:120600

TI Reduction of hair growth with inhibitors of deoxyhypusine synthase and hydroxylase

IN Styczynski, Peter; Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.; Shander, Douglas

PA Handelman, Joseph H., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 16 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9937277	A1	19990729	WO 1998-US15649	19980727
	W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 6060471	A	20000509	US 1998-10227	19980121
	CA 2316826	AA	19990729	CA 1998-2316826	19980727
	AU 9885982	A1	19990809	AU 1998-85982	19980727
	BR 9814249	A	20001003	BR 1998-14249	19980727
	EP 1049444	A1	20001108	EP 1998-937216	19980727
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI				
	ZA 9806822	A	19990202	ZA 1998-6822	19980730
PRAI	US 1998-10227	A	19980121		
	WO 1998-US15649	W	19980727		

AB Mammalian hair growth is reduced by applying to the skin an inhibitor of hypusine biosynthetic pathway. Golden Syrian hamster assay showed that 1,8-diaminoctane (deoxyhypusine synthase inhibitor) reduced the hair mass in a dose-dependent manner.

RE.CNT 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L102 ANSWER 7 OF 29 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1999:468558 HCPLUS

DN 131:111451

TI Compounds that induce or activate androgen conjugation for modulation of hair growth

IN Styczynski, Peter; Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.

PA The Gillette Company, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 19 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI WO 9936067 A1 19990722 WO 1999-US1093 19990119
 W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE,
 DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP,
 KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN,
 MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM,
 TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES,
 FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,
 CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
 US 5958946 A 19990928 US 1998-9213 19980120
 CA 2320160 AA 19990722 CA 1999-2320160 19990119
 AU 9923266 A1 19990802 AU 1999-23266 19990119
 EP 1047420 A1 20001102 EP 1999-903183 19990119
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI
 BR 9907090 A 20010904 BR 1999-7090 19990119
 PRAI US 1998-9213 A 19980120
 WO 1999-US1093 W 19990119

AB Mammalian hair growth may be modulated by applying to the skin a compd. that induces or activates the conjugation of an androgen.

RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L102 ANSWER 8 OF 29 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1999:231491 HCPLUS

DN 130:271878

TI Aminoacyl-tRNA synthetase inhibitors for reduction of hair growth

IN Handelman, Joseph H.; Henry, James P.; Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.

PA USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 22 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9915136	A1	19990401	WO 1998-US19521	19980918
	W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 5939458	A	19990817	US 1997-935181	19970922
	CA 2304807	AA	19990401	CA 1998-2304807	19980918
	AU 9893197	A1	19990412	AU 1998-93197	19980918
	EP 1017358	A1	20000712	EP 1998-946113	19980918
	R: DE, ES, FR, GB, IT				
	BR 9812369	A	20000919	BR 1998-12369	19980918
	ZA 9808641	A	19990323	ZA 1998-8641	19980921

PRAI US 1997-935181 A 19970922
 WO 1998-US19521 W 19980918

AB Mammalian hair growth is reduced by applying an inhibitor of aminoacyl-tRNA synthetase to the skin. E.g., S-trityl-L-cysteine, formulated in a vehicle contg. 90% water, 6% dipropylene glycol, and 4% ethanol, at doses of 7.5, 5, and 1% inhibited the hair growth by 80, 56, and 35%, resp.

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L102 ANSWER 9 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1998:774246 HCAPLUS

DN 130:29033

TI Reduction of hair growth

IN Henry, James P.; Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.; Shander, Douglas

PA USA

SO U.S., 4 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 5840752	A	19981124	US 1996-754556	19961121
	CA 2311756	AA	19990617	CA 1997-2311756	19971205
	WO 9929288	A1	19990617	WO 1997-US22944	19971205
	W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 9853817	A1	19990628	AU 1998-53817	19971205
	EP 1033962	A1	20000913	EP 1997-950948	19971205
	EP 1033962	B1	20020417		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI				
	BR 9714903	A	20001010	BR 1997-14903	19971205
	AT 216215	E	20020515	AT 1997-950948	19971205
PRAI	US 1996-754556	A1	19961121		
	WO 1997-US22944	A	19971205		
AB	Mammalian hair growth is reduced by applying to the skin an inhibitor of a cholesterol synthetic pathway enzyme.				
RE.CNT 47	THERE ARE 47 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD				
	ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT				

L102 ANSWER 10 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1998:484914 HCAPLUS

DN 129:140464

TI Reduction of hair growth by an inhibitor of a DNA topoisomerase

IN Styczynski, Peter; Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.

PA Handelman, Joseph, H., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 16 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9829086	A1	19980709	WO 1997-US24268	19971223
	W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 6037326	A	20000314	US 1996-777803	19961231
	ZA 9711328	A	19980623	ZA 1997-11328	19971217
	AU 9857302	A1	19980731	AU 1998-57302	19971223
	EP 957891	A1	19991124	EP 1997-953585	19971223

R: DE, ES, FR, GB, IT
 PRAI US 1996-777803 A1 19961231
 WO 1997-US24268 W 19971223

AB Mammalian hair growth is reduced by applying to the skin an inhibitor of a DNA topoisomerase. Application of a soln. of 10% nalidixic acid in 70% ethanol and 30% propylene glycol inhibited hair growth in hamster by 63%.

L102 ANSWER 11 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1998:402282 HCAPLUS

DN 129:71946

TI Reduction of hair growth

IN Styczynski, Peter; Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.; Shander, Douglas

PA Handelman, Joseph, H., USA; Styczynski, Peter; Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.; Shander, Douglas

SO PCT Int. Appl., 15 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9825580	A1	19980618	WO 1997-US22587	19971212
	W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG	
	ZA 9711121	A	19980623	ZA 1997-11121	19971210
	AU 9855209	A1	19980703	AU 1998-55209	19971212
	WO 9962465	A1	19991209	WO 1998-US11083	19980601
	W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG	
	AU 9877104	A1	19991220	AU 1998-77104	19980601
	BR 9815884	A	20010220	BR 1998-15884	19980601
	EP 1083863	A1	20010321	EP 1998-925074	19980601
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI				
PRAI	US 1996-764980	A1	19961213		
	WO 1997-US22587	W	19971212		
	WO 1998-US11083	A	19980601		

AB Mammalian hair growth is reduced by inhibiting the activity of a matrix metalloproteinase (MMP) in the skin. For example, bromo cAMP was dissolved in a vehicle contg. water 68, ethanol 16, propylene glycol 5, dipropylene glycol 5, benzyl alc. 4, and propylene carbonate 2 % to obtain a 10 % concn. When the compon. was tested by the Golden Syrian hamster assay, it provided .apprx.80 % redn. in hair growth.

RE.CNT 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L102 ANSWER 12 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1998:87591 HCAPLUS

DN 128:171946

TI Reduction of hair growth by inhibiting the formation of

glycoproteins

IN Henry, James P.; Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.; Kaszynski, Edwin;
Shander, Douglas
PA Handelman, Joseph, H., USA; Henry, James P.; Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.;
Kaszynski, Edwin; Shander, Douglas
SO PCT Int. Appl., 17 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent
LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9803149	A1	19980129	WO 1997-US11990	19970716
	W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 5908867	A	19990601	US 1996-684287	19960718
	AU 9735995	A1	19980210	AU 1997-35995	19970716
	EP 938286	A1	19990901	EP 1997-932567	19970716
	R: DE, ES, FR, GB, IT				
	ZA 9711008	A	19980615	ZA 1997-11008	19971208
PRAI	US 1996-684287	A1	19960718		
	WO 1997-US11990	W	19970716		

AB A method of reducing hair growth in a mammal includes applying, to an area of skin from which reduced hair growth is desired, a dermatol. acceptable compn. contg. a compd. that inhibits the formation of glycoproteins, proteoglycans, or glycosaminoglycans in an amt. effective to cause a redn. in hair growth. D-Mannose was mixed at a concn. of 30 % in a vehicle contg. water 68, ethanol 16, propylene glycol 5, dipropylene glycol 5, benzyl alc. 4, and propylene carbonate 2 % and when tested in the Golden Syrian hamster assay, hair growth inhibition by 77 % was obsd.

L102 ANSWER 13 OF 29 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1997:461636 HCPLUS

DN 127:85813

TI Reduction of hair growth with suppressor of the metabolic pathway for the conversion of glucose to acetyl-CoA

IN Henry, James; Ahluwalia, Gurpreet; Shander, Douglas

PA Handelman, Joseph, H., USA; Henry, James; Ahluwalia, Gurpreet; Shander, Douglas

SO PCT Int. Appl., 16 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent
LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9719673	A2	19970605	WO 1996-US19102	19961125
	WO 9719673	A3	19971002		
	W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				

US 5652273	A	19970729	US 1995-565728	19951130
ZA 9609781	A	19970610	ZA 1996-9781	19961121
CA 2237780	AA	19970605	CA 1996-2237780	19961125
AU 9710865	A1	19970619	AU 1997-10865	19961125
AU 728886	B2	20010118		
EP 863741	A2	19980916	EP 1996-940921	19961125
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI				
BR 9611756	A	19990406	BR 1996-11756	19961125
JP 2000501098	T2	20000202	JP 1997-520706	19961125
US 5824665	A	19981020	US 1997-842054	19970423
US 6218435	B1	20010417	US 1998-118946	19980717
PRAI US 1995-565728	A1	19951130		
WO 1996-US19102	W	19961125		
US 1997-842054	A3	19970423		

AB A method of reducing hair growth in a mammal includes applying, to an area of skin from which reduced hair growth is desired, dermatol. acceptable compn. contg. a suppressor of the metabolic pathway for the conversion of glucose to acetyl-CoA. A 10% soln. of N.-alpha.-(p-tosyl)-L-lysine chloromethyl ketone in a vehicle comprising water 68, ethanol 16, propylene glycol 5, dipropylene glycol 5, benzyl alc. 4, and propylene carbonate 2% inhibited hair growth in hamster by 81%.

L102 ANSWER 14 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1997:443396 HCAPLUS

DN 127:70606

TI Reduction of hair growth by arginase inhibitors

IN Shander, Douglas; Funkhouser, Margaret; Henry, James; Ahluwalia, Gurpreet

PA Handelman, Joseph, H., USA; Shander, Douglas; Funkhouser, Margaret; Henry, James; Ahluwalia, Gurpreet

SO PCT Int. Appl., 14 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9719672	A1	19970605	WO 1996-US18788	19961121
	W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 5728736	A	19980317	US 1995-564491	19951129
	CA 2237979	AA	19970605	CA 1996-2237979	19961121
	ZA 9609773	A	19970617	ZA 1996-9773	19961121
	AU 9710237	A1	19970619	AU 1997-10237	19961121
	AU 723723	B2	20000907		
	EP 863740	A1	19980916	EP 1996-940597	19961121
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI					
	BR 9611822	A	19990713	BR 1996-11822	19961121
	JP 2000501096	T2	20000202	JP 1997-520571	19961121
PRAI US 1995-564491	A1	19951129			
WO 1996-US18788	W	19961121			

AB Mammalian hair growth is reduced by applying to the skin a dermatol. acceptable compn. including an inhibitor of arginase. Application of daily soln. of 10% N-G-hydroxy-L-arginine in a carrier comprising ethanol 16, propylene glycol 5, dipropylene glycol 5, benzyl alc. 4, propylene carbonate 2, and water 68% to hamster skin for 13 day

reduced hair growth by 66%.

L102 ANSWER 15 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 AN 1996:660913 HCAPLUS
 DN 125:293042
 TI Use of angiogenesis suppressors for inhibiting hair growth
 IN Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.; Styczynski, Peter; Shander,
 Douglas
 PA Handelman, Joseph H., USA
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent
 LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9626712	A2	19960906	WO 1996-US2790	19960227
	WO 9626712	A3	19961121		
	W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI				
	RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML				
	CA 2213404	AA	19960906	CA 1996-2213404	19960227
	AU 9653009	A1	19960918	AU 1996-53009	19960227
	AU 719106	B2	20000504		
	EP 812185	A2	19971217	EP 1996-909552	19960227
	EP 812185	B1	20020703		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE				
	BR 9607060	A	19981215	BR 1996-7060	19960227
	JP 11501035	T2	19990126	JP 1996-526415	19960227
	AT 219928	E	20020715	AT 1996-909552	19960227
	ZA 9601600	A	19960905	ZA 1996-1600	19960228
	US 6093748	A	20000725	US 1997-963227	19971103
PRAI	US 1995-396446	A	19950228		
	WO 1996-US2790	W	19960227		
AB	A method of inhibiting hair growth in a mammal includes applying, to an area of skin from which reduced hair growth is desired, a dermatol. acceptable compn. contg. a non-steroidal suppressor of angiogenesis. The effective compds. include sulfotransferase inhibitors, heparin binding antagonists, Cu chelators, histidine decarboxylase inhibitors, mast cell degranulation inhibitors, histamine receptor antagonists, ACE inhibitors, angiotensin II receptor antagonists, prostaglandin synthetase inhibitors, NK1 receptor antagonists, PAF receptor antagonists, and cytochrome P 450 reductase inhibitors. A topical prepn. contg. 10 % bathocuproine, was applied to male intact Golden Syrian hamsters; hair growth was inhibited by 81 %.				

L102 ANSWER 16 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 AN 1996:656422 HCAPLUS
 DN 125:284345
 TI Hair growth inhibitors comprising a catechin compound
 IN Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.
 PA Handelman, Joseph H., USA
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 17 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent
 LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9626705	A1	19960906	WO 1996-US2791	19960227

W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI

RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML

US 5674477 A 19971007 US 1995-396426 19950228

CA 2213411 AA 19960906 CA 1996-2213411 19960227

AU 9651781 A1 19960918 AU 1996-51781 19960227

AU 720440 B2 20000601

EP 814754 A1 19980107 EP 1996-908589 19960227

EP 814754 B1 20011205

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE

BR 9607061 A 19981215 BR 1996-7061 19960227

JP 11501036 T2 19990126 JP 1996-526416 19960227

AT 209890 E 20011215 AT 1996-908589 19960227

ES 2164877 T3 20020301 ES 1996-908589 19960227

ZA 9601599 A 19960905 ZA 1996-1599 19960228

US 5776442 A 19980707 US 1997-893319 19970716

PRAI US 1995-396426 A 19950228

WO 1996-US2791 W 19960227

AB Mammalian hair growth is reduced by applying to the skin a dermatol. acceptable compn. including a catechin compd. A mixt. of catechins extd. from tea leaves contained epigallocatechin 4.6, epigallocatechin gallate 69.6, epicatechin 6.7, and epicatechin gallate 19.1%. Daily application of the mixt. in a vehicle comprising water 68, ethanol 16, propylene glycol 5, dipropylene glycol 5, benzyl alc. 4, and propylene carbonate 2% to hamster skin, decreased the hair growth by 91% after 13 application.

L102 ANSWER 17 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1996:354097 HCAPLUS

DN 125:18662

TI Inhibition of hair growth with protein kinase C inhibitors

IN Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.; Shander, Douglas; Styczynski, Peter

PA Handelman, Joseph, H., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 14 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9609806	A2	19960404	WO 1995-US12134	19950921
	W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM				
	RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 5554608	A	19960910	US 1994-314327	19940928
	CA 2200851	AA	19960404	CA 1995-2200851	19950921
	AU 9537230	A1	19960419	AU 1995-37230	19950921
	AU 700683	B2	19990114		
	EP 783292	A1	19970716	EP 1995-935068	19950921
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	JP 2001525789	T2	20011211	JP 1996-511904	19950921
	ZA 9508145	A	19960425	ZA 1995-8145	19950927
PRAI	US 1994-314327	A1	19940928		
	WO 1995-US12134	W	19950921		

AB Mammalian hair growth is reduced by applying to the skin a

comprn. including an inhibitor of protein kinase C (PKC). The inhibitor interacts with the ATP-binding site, Ca-binding site, or phospholipid-interacting site in PKC. The comprn. provides a redn. in hair growth of .gtoreq.30% when tested in the Golden Syrian hamster assay. A no. of PKC inhibitors were tested in the Golden Syrian hamster assay; e.g. verapamil, thioridazine, curcumin, and trifluoperazine inhibited hair growth by 56-69%.

L102 ANSWER 18 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1995:926476 HCAPLUS

DN 123:321734

TI Cysteine synthetic pathway enzyme inhibitors to retard unwanted hair growth

IN Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.; Shander, Douglas

PA Handelman, Joseph H., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9524885	A1	19950921	WO 1995-US2902	19950310
	W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA				
	RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 5455234	A	19951003	US 1994-213954	19940316
	CA 2184173	AA	19950921	CA 1995-2184173	19950310
	AU 9519844	A1	19951003	AU 1995-19844	19950310
	AU 696304	B2	19980903		
	EP 750489	A1	19970102	EP 1995-912803	19950310
	EP 750489	B1	19981118		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT, SE				
	JP 09510448	T2	19971021	JP 1995-524077	19950310
	AT 173392	E	19981215	AT 1995-912803	19950310
	ES 2123968	T3	19990116	ES 1995-912803	19950310
	ZA 9502098	A	19951211	ZA 1995-2098	19950314
PRAI	US 1994-213954		19940316		
	WO 1995-US2902		19950310		

AB Mammalian hair growth is reduced by applying to the skin an inhibitor of a cysteine synthetic pathway enzyme, such as methionine S-adenosyltransferase, L-homocysteine S-methyltransferase, S-adenosylhomocysteine hydrolase, cystathionine synthase, and cystathionase. For example, a topical comprn. comprised 5% 3-deazaneplanocin in a vehicle contg. ethanol 16, propylene glycol 5, dipropylene glycol 5, benzyl alc. 4, propylene carbonate 2, and pure water 68%. The comprn. inhibited hair mass by 86.65% in male Golden Syrian hamster model.

L102 ANSWER 19 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1995:926475 HCAPLUS

DN 123:321733

TI Nitric oxide synthetase inhibitors for inhibition of unwanted hair growth

IN Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.; Shander, Douglas; Henry, James P.

PA Handelman, Joseph H., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 12 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9524884	A1	19950921	WO 1995-US2898	19950310
	W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TT				
	RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 5468476	A	19951121	US 1994-213931	19940316
	CA 2184171	AA	19950921	CA 1995-2184171	19950310
	AU 9519843	A1	19951003	AU 1995-19843	19950310
	AU 681776	B2	19970904		
	EP 754023	A1	19970122	EP 1995-912801	19950310
	EP 754023	B1	19990526		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT, SE				
	JP 09510447	T2	19971021	JP 1995-524076	19950310
	AT 180404	E	19990615	AT 1995-912801	19950310
	ES 2131822	T3	19990801	ES 1995-912801	19950310
	ZA 9502095	A	19951211	ZA 1995-2095	19950314
PRAI	US 1994-213931		19940316		
	WO 1995-US2898		19950310		

AB Mammalian hair growth is reduced by applying to the skin an inhibitor of nitric oxide synthetase. A topical compn. contains 1-30 % of the inhibitor, such as NG-methyl-L-arginine to provide a redn. in hair growth by .gtoreq.30%, when tested in the Golden Syrian hamster assay.

L102 ANSWER 20 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1995:872304 HCAPLUS

DN 123:265813

TI Method of reducing the rate of hair growth with asparagine synthetase inhibitors

IN Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.

PA USA

SO U.S., 3 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 788,168, abandoned.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 5444090	A	19950822	US 1994-212584	19940311
	CA 2122002	C	19971216	CA 1992-2122002	19921104
PRAI	US 1991-788168	B2	19911105		

AB The rate and character of mammalian hair growth is altered by the topical application to the skin of a compn. contg. an org. inhibitor of asparagine synthetase. The inhibitors include guanidinosuccinic acid, oxaloacetic acid, cysteinesulfinic acid, di-Et aminomalonate, and ethacrylic acid. A topical compn. is particularly effective to reduce the androgen-stimulated hair growth. The compn. provides a redn. in hair growth by .gtoreq.23.3% when tested in the Golden Syrian hamster assay.

L102 ANSWER 21 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1995:324868 HCAPLUS

DN 122:89132

TI Inhibitors of 5-lipoxygenase for prevention of hair growth

IN Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.; Shander, Douglas

PA Handelman, Joseph, H., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 12 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent
LA English

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9427563	A1	19941208	WO 1994-US5361	19940516
	W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, JP, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 6239170	B1	20010529	US 1993-68256	19930528
	CA 2163534	AA	19941208	CA 1994-2163534	19940516
	CA 2163534	C	19981215		
	AU 9468331	A1	19941220	AU 1994-68331	19940516
	AU 680257	B2	19970724		
	EP 700282	A1	19960313	EP 1994-916767	19940516
	EP 700282	B1	19981007		
	R: DE, ES, FR, GB, IT				
	JP 08510735	T2	19961112	JP 1994-500714	19940516
	ES 2122283	T3	19981216	ES 1994-916767	19940516
	ZA 9403612	A	19950125	ZA 1994-3612	19940524
	US 2001048932	A1	20011206	US 2001-765106	20010118
	US 6414017	B2	20020702		
PRAI	US 1993-68256	A	19930528		
	US 1993-68257	A2	19930528		
	WO 1994-US5361	W	19940516		
	US 2000-584281	B1	20000531		
AB	Mammalian hair growth is inhibited by applying to the skin a compn. including an inhibitor of 5-lipoxygenase. The enzyme inhibitor is selected from quercetin, DL-.alpha.-tocopherol, apigenin, Pr gallate, nordihydroguaiaretic acid, and caffeic acid. The effective amts. of the compd. range from 100 to 3000 .mu.g per cm ² of skin and the compn. is applied once or twice for at least 3 mo to achieve a perceived redn. in hair growth.				

L102 ANSWER 22 OF 29 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1995:320081 HCPLUS

DN 122:89083

TI Inhibition of hair growth with cyclooxygenase inhibitors

IN Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.; Shander, Douglas

PA Handelman, Joseph H., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 14 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9427586	A1	19941208	WO 1994-US5360	19940516
	W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, JP, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 6248751	B1	20010619	US 1993-68257	19930528
	CA 2163535	AA	19941208	CA 1994-2163535	19940516
	AU 9470181	A1	19941220	AU 1994-70181	19940516
	AU 677346	B2	19970417		
	EP 700288	A1	19960313	EP 1994-919136	19940516
	EP 700288	B1	20010718		

R:	DE, ES, FR, GB, IT			
JP 08510734	T2	19961112	JP 1994-500713	19940516
ES 2159560	T3	20011016	ES 1994-919136	19940516
ZA 9403611	A	19950125	ZA 1994-3611	19940524
US 2001048932	A1	20011206	US 2001-765106	20010118
US 6414017	B2	20020702		
PRAI US 1993-68257	A	19930528		
US 1993-68256	A2	19930528		
WO 1994-US5360	W	19940516		
US 2000-584281	B1	20000531		

AB Mammalian hair growth is reduced by applying to the skin a compn. including an inhibitor of cyclooxygenase. A formulation contg. 20% indomethacin reduced hair growth in hamster after 13 application (1 application/day for 5 days a wk) by 78.43%.

L102 ANSWER 23 OF 29 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1994:686338 HCPLUS

DN 121:286338

TI Topical composition for inhibiting hair growth containing .alpha.-(difluoromethyl)ornithine

IN Boxall, Brian Alfred; Amery, Geoffrey Wilfred; Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.

PA Handelman, Joseph H., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 13 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9421216	A1	19940929	WO 1993-US2684	19930319
	W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, CA, CH, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LU, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SD, SE, SK, UA, US, VN				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 9339310	A1	19941011	AU 1993-39310	19930319
	CA 2158041	AA	19940929	CA 1993-2158041	19930527
	WO 9421217	A1	19940929	WO 1993-US5068	19930527
	W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LU, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SD, SE, SK, UA, US, VN				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 9345243	A1	19941011	AU 1993-45243	19930527
	AU 684251	B2	19971211		
	EP 689416	A1	19960103	EP 1993-915148	19930527
	EP 689416	B1	19981104		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, NL, PT, SE				
	JP 08507785	T2	19960820	JP 1993-520992	19930527
	PL 174475	B1	19980831	PL 1993-310679	19930527
	AT 172871	E	19981115	AT 1993-915148	19930527
	ES 2125339	T3	19990301	ES 1993-915148	19930527
	RU 2139705	C1	19991020	RU 1995-122131	19930527
	IL 109536	A1	19980310	IL 1994-109536	19940503
	CN 1097982	A	19950201	CN 1994-106181	19940521
	ZA 9403561	A	19950126	ZA 1994-3561	19940523
	NO 9503580	A	19950911	NO 1995-3580	19950911
	US 5648394	A	19970715	US 1995-513980	19950914
PRAI	WO 1993-US2684	W	19930319		
	WO 1993-US5068	W	19930527		
AB	A topical compn. for inhibiting mammalian hair growth, particularly human beard hair growth (including hirsutism),				

comprises a water-sol., hair-growth-inhibiting agent, .alpha.-(difluoromethyl)ornithine (I) dispersed in an oil-in-water emulsion in the form of a lotion or cream. A topical emulsion contained water 80.84, glyceryl stearate 4.24, PEG stearate 4.09, cetearyl alc. 3.05, ceteareth-20 2.50, mineral oil 2.22, stearyl alc. 1.67, dimethicone 0.56, I 10%, and NaOH q.s. pH=3.5. The hair growth inhibition of the above emulsion in hamster was 87.6% as compared to control contg. no I.

L102 ANSWER 24 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1994:541665 HCAPLUS

DN 121:141665

TI Reduction of hair growth employing sulphydryl reactive compounds

IN Shander, Douglas; Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.; Mark-Del Grosso, Diana

PA Handelman, Joseph H., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 17 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9414428	A1	19940707	WO 1993-US12266	19931216
	W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LU, LV, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SK, UA, US, UZ, VN				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 5411991	A	19950502	US 1992-995037	19921222
	CA 2152350	AA	19940707	CA 1993-2152350	19931216
	CA 2152350	C	19980505		
	AU 9459531	A1	19940719	AU 1994-59531	19931216
	AU 687778	B2	19980305		
	EP 675712	A1	19951011	EP 1994-905412	19931216
	EP 675712	B1	20010919		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, NL, PT, SE				
	AT 205710	E	20011015	AT 1994-905412	19931216
	ES 2163429	T3	20020201	ES 1994-905412	19931216
	ZA 9309635	A	19940815	ZA 1993-9635	19931222
PRAI	US 1992-995037	A	19921222		
	WO 1993-US12266	W	19931216		
AB	A method of reducing the rate of mammalian hair growth includes topically applying a compn. contg. a SH reactive compd. to the skin. The SH reactive compds., such as cysteamine, D-penicillamine, captopril, and thiosalicylic acid, penetrate into hair follicles in the skin and reacts with free cysteine in the hair follicle cells to form cysteine-mixed disulfides.				

L102 ANSWER 25 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1994:491309 HCAPLUS

DN 121:91309

TI Pantothenic acid and pantothenyl alcohol for inhibition of hair growth

IN Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.; Shander, Douglas

PA USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 16 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9410967	A1	19940526	WO 1993-US10920	19931110

W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP,
 KP, KR, KZ, LK, LU; LV, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,
 SD, SE, SK, UA, US, UZ, VN
 RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE,
 BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
 US 5364885 A 19941115 US 1992-976446 19921113
 CA 2149316 AA 19940526 CA 1993-2149316 19931110
 CA 2149316 C 19980922
 AU 9455529 A1 19940608 AU 1994-55529 19931110
 AU 690086 B2 19980423
 EP 667766 A1 19950823 EP 1994-900614 19931110
 EP 667766 B1 19970813
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, NL, PT, SE
 JP 08503220 T2 19960409 JP 1993-512359 19931110
 AT 156698 E 19970815 AT 1994-900614 19931110
 ES 2107789 T3 19971201 ES 1994-900614 19931110
 PRAI US 1992-976446 19921113
 WO 1993-US10920 19931110

AB Mammalian hair growth is cosmetically reduced by applying to the skin a compn. including pantothenic acid or pantothenyl alc. (1-30%).

L102 ANSWER 26 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1993:434298 HCAPLUS

DN 119:34298

TI Alteration of rate and character of hair growth

IN Handelman, Joseph H.; Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.

PA USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 9 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9308687	A1	19930513	WO 1992-US9438	19921104
	W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, CA, CH, CS, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KP, KR, LK, LU, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, PL, RO, RU, SD, SE, UA, US RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 9230627	A1	19930607	AU 1992-30627	19921104
	AU 670554	B2	19960725		
	EP 612211	A1	19940831	EP 1992-924244	19921104
	EP 612211	B1	20020605		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, NL, SE JP 07504646				
	JP 07504646	T2	19950525	JP 1992-508679	19921104
	CA 2122002	C	19971216	CA 1992-2122002	19921104
	AT 218273	E	20020615	AT 1992-924244	19921104
PRAI	US 1991-788168	A1	19911105		
	WO 1992-US9438	A	19921104		
AB	The rate and character of mammalian hair growth are altered by the topical application to the skin of a compn. contg. an org. inhibitor of the enzyme L-asparagine synthetase. A topical compn. for reducing the rate and altering the character of mammalian hair growth comprises a nontoxic dermatol. acceptable vehicle and from 0.1 to 30 % based on the total wt. of the compn. of an org. inhibitor of L-asparagine synthetase, such as guanidinosuccinic acid.				

L102 ANSWER 27 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1992:221336 HCAPLUS

DN 116:221336

TI Enzymic alteration of hair growth

IN Handelman, Joseph H.; Shander, Douglas; Harrington, Eugene F.; Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.

PA USA
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 12 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9203140	A1	19920305	WO 1991-US5721	19910812
	W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, CA, CH, CS, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KP, KR, LK, LU, MC, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, PL, RO, SD, SE, SU, US				
	RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, DE, DK, ES, FR, GA, GB, GN, GR, IT, LU, ML, MR, NL, SE, SN, TD, TG				
	CA 2088909	AA	19920215	CA 1991-2088909	19910812
	AU 9187232	A1	19920317	AU 1991-87232	19910812
	AU 657710	B2	19950323		
	EP 543949	A1	19930602	EP 1991-918121	19910812
	EP 543949	B1	19971022		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
	JP 06500335	T2	19940113	JP 1991-516613	19910812
	JP 3299961	B2	20020708		
	AT 159428	E	19971115	AT 1991-918121	19910812
	ES 2109949	T3	19980201	ES 1991-918121	19910812
	US 5132293	A	19920721	US 1991-784650	19911028
PRAI	US 1990-567018	A1	19900814		
	WO 1991-US5721	A	19910812		

AB Mammalian hair growth is inhibited by application to the skin of an inhibitor of S-adenosylmethionine decarboxylase (I), alone or combined with an inhibitor of ornithine decarboxylase (II). Such compns. are useful for treatment of e.g. female hirsutism. Thus, a compn. contg. water 68, EtOH 16, propylene glycol 5, dipropylene glycol 5, PhCH₂OH 4, propylene carbonate 2, 5'-deoxy-5'-(N-methyl-N-[2-(aminoxy)ethyl]aminoadenosine (I inhibitor) 5, and 2-(difluoromethyl)ornithine (II inhibitor) 5 parts, applied at 10 .mu.L/day topically to the shaved flank organ of golden Syrian hamsters, inhibited hair growth by 70.9%.

L102 ANSWER 28 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1992:188094 HCAPLUS

DN 116:188094

TI Alteration of rate and character of hair growth by topical application of inhibitors of adenylosuccinate synthetase or aspartate transcarbamylase

IN Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.

PA USA

SO U.S., 3 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 5095007	A	19920310	US 1990-603999	19901024
	WO 9207569	A1	19920514	WO 1991-US7839	19911022
	W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, CA, CH, CS, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KP, KR, LK, LU, MC, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, PL, RO, SD, SE, SU, US				
	RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, DE, DK, ES, FR, GA, GB, GN, GR, IT, LU, ML, MR, NL, SE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 9189289	A1	19920526	AU 1991-89289	19911022
	AU 662112	B2	19950824		
	EP 554363	A1	19930811	EP 1991-920173	19911022
	EP 554363	B1	19980624		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				

JP 06502648	T2	19940324	JP 1992-501257	19911022
AT 167625	E	19980715	AT 1991-920173	19911022
ES 2117646	T3	19980816	ES 1991-920173	19911022

PRAI US 1990-603999 19901024
WO 1991-US7839 19911022

AB The rate and character of mammalian hair growth is altered by the topical application of inhibitors of adenylosuccinate synthetase or aspartate transcarbamylase. Topical treatment with a 10% soln. of L-alanosine, twice over a 24-h period, resulted in .apprx.49% inhibition of adenylosuccinate synthetase activity in hamster hair follicles.

L102 ANSWER 29 OF 29 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1992:158565 HCPLUS

DN 116:158565

TI Alteration of rate and character of hair growth with .gamma.-glutamyl transpeptidase inhibitor

IN Ahluwalia, Gurpreet S.; Shander, Douglas; Harrington, F. Eugene

PA Handelman, Joseph H., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 9 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9200069	A1	19920109	WO 1991-US4427	19910621
	W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, CA, CH, CS, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KP, KR, LK, LU, MC, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, PL, RO, SD, SE, SU, US				
	RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, DE, DK, ES, FR, GA, GB, GN, GR, IT, LU, ML, MR, NL, SE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 5096911	A	19920317	US 1990-542586	19900625
	CA 2085885	AA	19911226	CA 1991-2085885	19910621
	AU 9182094	A1	19920123	AU 1991-82094	19910621
	AU 663292	B2	19951005		
	JP 06502389	T2	19940317	JP 1991-511788	19910621
	EP 607124	A1	19940727	EP 1991-912670	19910621
	EP 607124	B1	19970813		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
	AT 156708	E	19970815	AT 1991-912670	19910621
	ES 2104710	T3	19971016	ES 1991-912670	19910621

PRAI US 1990-542586 19900625
WO 1991-US4427 19910621

AB Mammalian hair growth is inhibited with .gamma.-glutamyl transpeptidase inhibitor. The flank organs of male Golden Syrian hamsters were treated topically with 6.0% acivicin. Hair growth was inhibited by 81.0%. Anthglutin was prep'd. and used to inhibit hair growth.

=> fil medline

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 15:52:59 ON 01 OCT 2002

FILE LAST UPDATED: 28 SEP 2002 (20020928/UP). FILE COVERS 1958 TO DATE.

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MEDLINE thesauri in the /CN, /CT, and /MN fields incorporate the MeSH 2002 vocabulary. Enter HELP THESAURUS for details.

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=> d all tot 1136

L136 ANSWER 1 OF 8 MEDLINE
 AN 2001281142 MEDLINE
 DN 97702816 PubMed ID: 11364534
 TI Hydroxyurea.
 AU Bowers M
 SO BETA, (1997 Mar) 9-11.
 Journal code: 9113964. ISSN: 1058-708X.
 CY United States
 DT (NEWSPAPER ARTICLE)
 LA English
 FS AIDS
 EM 199708
 ED Entered STN: 20010529
 Last Updated on STN: 20020222
 Entered Medline: 19970813
 AB Hydroxyurea, an inhibitor of ribonucleotide reductase in cells, is among the strategies being used to reduce HIV levels. Hydroxyurea disrupts DNA synthesis in rapidly dividing cells and reduces the number of deoxyribonucleotides available to make functional viral products. The combination of hydroxyurea and ddI have shown a positive synergistic effect in reducing HIV viral load. Side effects are influenced by dosage, and include hair loss and bone marrow suppression, making it an inappropriate therapy for people with anemia. Results from completed clinical studies have left unanswered questions on the most appropriate dose of hydroxyurea, who should take it, and when therapy should begin.
 CT Check Tags: Human
 Alopecia: CI, chemically induced
 Anemia: CI, chemically induced
 Bone Marrow: DE, drug effects
 DNA Replication: DE, drug effects
 Enzyme Inhibitors: AE, adverse effects
 Enzyme Inhibitors: PD, pharmacology
 **Enzyme Inhibitors: TU, therapeutic use*
 **HIV Infections: DT, drug therapy*
 HIV Infections: VI, virology
 Hydroxyurea: AE, adverse effects
 Hydroxyurea: PD, pharmacology
 **Hydroxyurea: TU, therapeutic use*
 Ribonucleotide Reductases: AI, antagonists & inhibitors
 Viral Load
 RN 127-07-1 (Hydroxyurea)
 CN 0 (Enzyme Inhibitors); EC 1.17.4 (Ribonucleotide Reductases)

 L136 ANSWER 2 OF 8 MEDLINE
 AN 2000385738 MEDLINE
 DN 20307977 PubMed ID: 10846257
 TI Cutaneous side effects induced by indinavir.
 AU Calista D; Boschini A
 CS Dermatology Unit "M. Bufalini" Hospital, 47023 Cesena, Italy.
 SO EUROPEAN JOURNAL OF DERMATOLOGY, (2000 Jun) 10 (4) 292-6.
 Journal code: 9206420. ISSN: 1167-1122.
 CY France
 DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LA English
 FS Priority Journals; AIDS
 EM 200008
 ED Entered STN: 20000818
 Last Updated on STN: 20000818
 Entered Medline: 20000810
 AB HIV-protease inhibitors demonstrated such high efficacy in short-term

studies that they have been approved by the FDA, even though possible toxicity still needs further investigation. In the period between January 1997 and August 1998, 101 patients, staying at San Patrignano Medical Centre (Italy), received an HIV protease inhibitor (indinavir) plus two nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitors (NRTI's) selected from the following: AZT, didanosine, zalcitabine, lamivudine or stavudine. Seventy-three patients were male, 28 female and their ages ranged from 25 to 60 years, with an average of 34. At the end of the study, 84 patients were suitable for evaluation, as the other 17 dropped out for various reasons. Forty-eight patients (57.1%) developed cheilitis, 34 (40.5%) experienced diffuse cutaneous dryness and pruritus, 10 (11.9%) developed asteatotic dermatitis on the trunk, arms and thighs and another 10 (11.9%) complained of scalp defluvium. A severe **alopecia** was observed in only 1 patient (1.2%), while 6 reported that their body hair had become fairer, thinner and shed considerably. Multiple pyogenic granulomas were observed in the toenails of 5 patients (5. 9%). Softening of the nail plate was noted in 5 subjects as well. A peripheral lipodystrophy syndrome was noted in 12 patients (14.3%). Among these, one patient only developed a "buffalo hump" and another had diffused lipomatosis. The temporal relationship between the taking of indinavir and the onset of such cutaneous effects was striking. This was confirmed by the regression of symptoms in those patients who later discontinued indinavir. The emerging side effects of protease inhibitors require a multidisciplinary team for adequate diagnosis and treatment. Cutaneous toxicity involving the patient's own body image has a peculiar influence on compliance to the treatment and the patient's quality of life.

CT Check Tags: Comparative Study; Female; Human; Male

Adult

Alopecia: CI, chemically induced

Alopecia: PA, pathology

Didanosine: AE, adverse effects

*Drug Eruptions: ET, etiology

Drug Eruptions: PA, pathology

Drug Therapy, Combination

HIV: GE, genetics

HIV Infections: DT, drug therapy

*HIV Protease Inhibitors: AE, adverse effects

*Indinavir: AE, adverse effects

Lamivudine: AE, adverse effects

Lipodystrophy: CI, chemically induced

Lipodystrophy: PA, pathology

Middle Age

Pruritus: CI, chemically induced

Pruritus: PA, pathology

Pyoderma Gangrenosum: CI, chemically induced

Pyoderma Gangrenosum: PA, pathology

RNA, Viral: AN, analysis

Retrospective Studies

Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors: AE, adverse effects

Scalp Dermatoses: CI, chemically induced

Scalp Dermatoses: PA, pathology

*Skin: DE, drug effects

Skin: PA, pathology

Stavudine: AE, adverse effects

Zalcitabine: AE, adverse effects

Zidovudine: AE, adverse effects

RN 134678-17-4 (Lamivudine); 150378-17-9 (Indinavir); 30516-87-1 (Zidovudine); 3056-17-5 (Stavudine); 69655-05-6 (Didanosine); 7481-89-2 (Zalcitabine)

CN 0 (HIV Protease Inhibitors); 0 (RNA, Viral); 0 (Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors)

AN 1999189755 MEDLINE
 DN 99189755 PubMed ID: 10089885
 TI Longevity, stress response, and cancer in aging **telomerase**-deficient mice.
 AU Rudolph K L; Chang S; Lee H W; Blasco M; Gottlieb G J; Greider C; DePinho R A
 CS Department of Adult Oncology, Dana Farber Cancer Institute, Boston, Massachusetts 02115, USA.
 SO CELL, (1999 Mar 5) 96 (5) 701-12.
 Journal code: 0413066. ISSN: 0092-8674.
 CY United States
 DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LA English
 FS Priority Journals
 EM 199904
 ED Entered STN: 19990504
 Last Updated on STN: 19990504
 Entered Medline: 19990422
 AB Telomere maintenance is thought to play a role in signaling cellular senescence; however, a link with organismal aging processes has not been established. The **telomerase** null mouse provides an opportunity to understand the effects associated with critical telomere shortening at the organismal level. We studied a variety of physiological processes in an aging cohort of mTR-/- mice. Loss of telomere function did not elicit a full spectrum of classical pathophysiological symptoms of aging. However, age-dependent telomere shortening and accompanying genetic instability were associated with shortened life span as well as a reduced capacity to respond to stresses such as wound healing and hematopoietic ablation. In addition, we found an increased incidence of spontaneous malignancies. These findings demonstrate a critical role for telomere length in the overall fitness, reserve, and well being of the aging organism.
 CT Check Tags: Animal; Support, Non-U.S. Gov't; Support, U.S. Gov't, P.H.S.
 Aging: GE, genetics
 *Aging: PH, physiology
 Alopecia: ET, etiology
 Body Weight
 Bone Marrow Diseases: CI, chemically induced
 Bone Marrow Diseases: PP, physiopathology
 Fluorouracil: TO, toxicity
 Hair Color: GE, genetics
 *Longevity: PH, physiology
 Mice
 Mice, Knockout
 Neoplasms, Experimental: EN, enzymology
 *Neoplasms, Experimental: ET, etiology
 Neoplasms, Experimental: GE, genetics
 Skin: IN, injuries
 Skin: PA, pathology
 Stress: EN, enzymology
 *Stress: PP, physiopathology
 ***Telomerase: DF, deficiency**
 Telomerase: GE, genetics
 Telomerase: PH, physiology
 Telomere: UL, ultrastructure
 Wound Healing
 RN 51-21-8 (Fluorouracil)
 CN EC 2.7.7.- (**Telomerase**)

L136 ANSWER 4 OF 8 MEDLINE
 AN 1999136041 MEDLINE
 DN 99136041 PubMed ID: 9949294
 TI Intensified adjuvant cyclophosphamide, methotrexate and 5-fluorouracil therapy: a dose-finding study for ambulatory patients with breast cancer.

AU Hietanen P; Teerenhovi L; Joensuu H
 CS Department of Oncology, Helsinki University Central Hospital, Helsinki,
 Finland.. paivi.hietanen@huch.fi
 SO ONCOLOGY, (1999) 56 (2) 103-9.
 Journal code: 0135054. ISSN: 0030-2414.
 CY Switzerland
 DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LA English
 FS Priority Journals
 EM 199903
 ED Entered STN: 19990326
 Last Updated on STN: 19990326
 Entered Medline: 19990318
 AB Escalating doses of cyclophosphamide were given every 3 weeks as adjuvant treatment for women operated for breast cancer to determine the maximum tolerated dose of cyclophosphamide that can be given with constant doses of methotrexate (40 mg/m²) and 5-FU (600 mg/m²; CMF) as an outpatient treatment without the routine use of granulocyte colony-stimulating growth factor (G-CSF). The dose of cyclophosphamide was increased by 250 mg/m² starting from the dose of 1,000 mg/m². Mesna was given to prevent cystitis. The criteria for dose-limiting toxicity were grade IV granulocytopenia lasting for longer than 48 h, granulocytopenic infection or other grade IV toxicities. G-CSF and ofloxacin were used if grade IV granulocytopenia continued for longer than 48 h or if granulocytopenic infection occurred. At the dose level of 1,500 mg/m² (500 mg/m²/week) 22 (92%) of the 24 patients had grade IV granulocytopenia during the 6 CMF cycles given, but only 3 (13%) had granulocytopenic fever. G-CSF was used in 28% of the cycles at this dose level. Other toxicities included complete alopecia (79%), nausea and vomiting. Sixteen (80%) of the premenopausal women became postmenopausal. At the dose level of 1,750 mg/m² all 3 patients treated had to be hospitalized after the first cycle due to neutropenic infection (n = 2) or intractable vomiting even though prophylactic G-CSF was used. We conclude that intravenous CMF with a cyclophosphamide dose of 1,500 mg/m² given at 3-week intervals with the selective use of prophylactic G-CSF is feasible as adjuvant treatment for patients with breast cancer.
 CT Check Tags: Female; Human; Support, Non-U.S. Gov't
 Adult
 Aged
 *Agranulocytosis: CI, chemically induced
 Agranulocytosis: PC, prevention & control
 *Alopecia: CI, chemically induced
 Ambulatory Care
 *Antineoplastic Combined Chemotherapy Protocols: AD, administration & dosage
 *Antineoplastic Combined Chemotherapy Protocols: AE, adverse effects
 Bladder: DE, drug effects
 *Breast Neoplasms: DT, drug therapy
 Conjunctivitis: CI, chemically induced
 Cyclophosphamide: AD, administration & dosage
 Cyclophosphamide: AE, adverse effects
 Drug Administration Schedule
 Fluorouracil: AD, administration & dosage
 Fluorouracil: AE, adverse effects
 Gastrointestinal Diseases: CI, chemically induced
 Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factor: TU, therapeutic use
 Methotrexate: AD, administration & dosage
 Methotrexate: AE, adverse effects
 Middle Age
 Neutropenia: CI, chemically induced
 Treatment Outcome
 RN 143011-72-7 (Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factor); 50-18-0
 (Cyclophosphamide); 51-21-8 (Fluorouracil); 59-05-2 (Methotrexate)

CN 0 (Antineoplastic Combined Chemotherapy Protocols); 0 (CMF regimen)

L136 ANSWER 5 OF 8 MEDLINE

AN 1998409228 MEDLINE

DN 98409228 PubMed ID: 9738848

TI Comparative grepafloxacin phototoxicity in mouse skin.

AU Owen K

CS GlaxoWellcome Research and Development, Ware, Hertfordshire, UK.
SO JOURNAL OF ANTIMICROBIAL CHEMOTHERAPY, (1998 Aug) 42 (2) 261-4.

Journal code: 7513617. ISSN: 0305-7453.

CY ENGLAND: United Kingdom

DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LA English

FS Priority Journals

EM 199811

ED Entered STN: 19990106

Last Updated on STN: 19990106

Entered Medline: 19981117

AB This study was performed in order to compare the phototoxic potential of grepafloxacin (a new fluoroquinolone for the treatment of respiratory tract infections) with that of a number of marketed fluoroquinolones. Groups of Balb/c mice received either control material or grepafloxacin, lomefloxacin, sparfloxacin, **ofloxacin**, ciprofloxacin or enoxacin at an oral dose of 200 mg/kg before being exposed to 20 J/cm² longwave ultraviolet irradiation for 110-115 min. Lomefloxacin and sparfloxacin caused erythema and oedema which were often severe and lasted the full 7 days of the study. Enoxacin caused a long-lasting erythema, while the erythema seen following the administration of grepafloxacin, ciprofloxacin and **ofloxacin** was relatively mild and short-lived. The results of this study demonstrate the good safety profile of grepafloxacin in terms of phototoxicity.

CT Check Tags: Animal; Comparative Study; Female

Alopecia: CI, chemically induced

*Anti-Infective Agents, Fluoroquinolone: TO, toxicity

*Dermatitis, Phototoxic

Edema: CI, chemically induced

Erythema: CI, chemically induced

Mice

Mice, Inbred BALB C

*Piperazines: TO, toxicity

*Quinolones: TO, toxicity

*Skin: DE, drug effects

Skin: ME, metabolism

Skin: RE, radiation effects

Ultraviolet Rays

RN 119914-60-2 (grepafloxacin)

CN 0 (Anti-Infective Agents, Fluoroquinolone); 0 (Piperazines); 0 (Quinolones)

L136 ANSWER 6 OF 8 MEDLINE

AN 97134739 MEDLINE

DN 97134739 PubMed ID: 8980299

TI Telomerase activity concentrates in the mitotically active segments of human hair follicles.

AU Ramirez R D; Wright W E; Shay J W; Taylor R S

CS Department of Cell Biology, The University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center at Dallas, 75235-9069, USA.

NC T32-GM7062 (NIGMS)

SO JOURNAL OF INVESTIGATIVE DERMATOLOGY, (1997 Jan) 108 (1) 113-7.

Journal code: 0426720. ISSN: 0022-202X.

CY United States

DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LA English

FS Priority Journals
 EM 199701.
 ED Entered STN: 19970219
 Last Updated on STN: 19970219
 Entered Medline: 19970121
 AB **Telomerase** is a ribonucleoprotein enzyme capable of adding hexanucleotide repeats onto the ends of linear chromosomal DNA. Whereas normal somatic cells with a limited replicative capacity fail to express **telomerase** activity, most immortal eukaryotic cells do. Cells of renewal tissues (e.g., skin, intestine, blood) require an extensive proliferative capacity. Some cells in such renewal tissues also express **telomerase** activity, most likely to prevent rapid erosion of their telomeres during cell proliferation. In this study, we measured the levels of **telomerase** activity in dissected compartments of the human hair follicle: hair shaft, gland-containing fragment, upper intermediate fragment (where it is thought undifferentiated stem cells reside), lower intermediate fragment, and in the bulb-containing fragment (an area with high mitotic activity containing a more differentiated pool of keratinocytes). In anagen follicles, high levels of **telomerase** activity were found almost exclusively in the bulb-containing fragment of the follicles, with low levels of **telomerase** in the bulge area (intermediate fragments) and gland-containing fragment. In comparison, catagen follicles had low levels of **telomerase** activity in the bulb-containing fragments as well as in other compartments. Such observations indicate that, in anagen hair follicles, the fragments containing cells actively dividing (e.g., transient amplifying cells) express **telomerase** activity, whereas fragments containing cells with low mitotic activity, for example, quiescent stem cells, express low levels of **telomerase** activity.
 CT Check Tags: Human; Male; Support, Non-U.S. Gov't; Support, U.S. Gov't, P.H.S.
 Adult
 Aged
 Aging: PH, physiology
 Alopecia: EN, enzymology
 *Hair Follicle: EN, enzymology
 Middle Age
 Mitosis
 Scalp: AH, anatomy & histology
 *Telomerase: ME, metabolism
 CN EC 2.7.7.- (Telomerase)
 L136 ANSWER 7 OF 8 MEDLINE
 AN 96286322 MEDLINE
 DN 96286322 PubMed ID: 8700796
 TI **Alopecia** associated with **zidovudine** therapy.
 AU Geletko S M; Segarra M; Mikolich D J
 CS Department of Pharmacy Practice, University of Rhode Island College of Pharmacy, Providence, 02908, USA.
 SO PHARMACOTHERAPY, (1996 Jan-Feb) 16 (1) 79-81.
 Journal code: 8111305. ISSN: 0277-0008.
 CY United States
 DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LA English
 FS Priority Journals; AIDS
 EM 199609
 ED Entered STN: 19960912
 Last Updated on STN: 19970203
 Entered Medline: 19960904
 AB **Alopecia** has been described in patients infected with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). **Zidovudine** reportedly influences hair growth in these patients, causing regrowth or thickening. A 33-year-old HIV-infected man developed **alopecia areata** after

beginning zidovudine therapy. The alopecia reversed after the drug was discontinued.

CT Check Tags: Case Report; Human; Male
Adult
*Alopecia Areata: CI, chemically induced
HIV Infections: DT, drug therapy
*Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors: AE, adverse effects
Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors: TU, therapeutic use
*Zidovudine: AE, adverse effects
Zidovudine: TU, therapeutic use

RN 30516-87-1 (Zidovudine)
CN 0 (Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors)

L136 ANSWER 8 OF 8 MEDLINE
AN 73020252 MEDLINE
DN 73020252 PubMed ID: 4116662
TI Current status of new agents.
AU Carter S K
SO CANCER CHEMOTHERAPY REPORTS. PART 1, (1972 May) 3 (1) 33-47. Ref: 45
Journal code: 7607105. ISSN: 0069-0112.
CY United States
DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
General Review; (REVIEW)
LA English
FS Priority Journals
EM 197212
ED Entered STN: 19900310
Last Updated on STN: 19970203
Entered Medline: 19721214
CT Check Tags: Animal; Human
Alopecia: CI, chemically induced
Antibiotics, Antineoplastic: TU, therapeutic use
Antineoplastic Agents: AE, adverse effects
*Antineoplastic Agents: TU, therapeutic use
Azacitidine: TU, therapeutic use
Azaguanine: TU, therapeutic use
Carmustine: TU, therapeutic use
Cyclohexanes: TU, therapeutic use
Drug Combinations: TU, therapeutic use
Heart: DE, drug effects
Leukemia L1210: DT, drug therapy
Nitrosourea Compounds: AD, administration & dosage
Nitrosourea Compounds: AE, adverse effects
Nitrosourea Compounds: TU, therapeutic use
Platinum: TU, therapeutic use
Prednisone: TU, therapeutic use
Remission, Spontaneous
RN 134-58-7 (Azaguanine); 154-93-8 (Carmustine); 320-67-2
(Azacitidine); 53-03-2 (Prednisone); 7440-06-4 (Platinum)
CN 0 (Antibiotics, Antineoplastic); 0 (Antineoplastic Agents); 0
(Cyclohexanes); 0 (Drug Combinations); 0 (Nitrosourea Compounds)

=> d all tot

L138 ANSWER 1 OF 4 MEDLINE
AN 94083248 MEDLINE
DN 94083248 PubMed ID: 8260344
TI Increased nail and hair growth in a patient with AIDS.
AU Harindra V; Sivapalan S; Roy R B
CS Department of Genito-Urinary Medicine, Royal Victoria Hospital,
Bournemouth.
SO BRITISH JOURNAL OF CLINICAL PRACTICE, (1993 Jul-Aug) 47 (4) 215-6.

CY Journal code: 0372546. ISSN: 0007-0947.
 CY ENGLAND: United Kingdom
 DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LA English
 FS Priority Journals; AIDS
 EM 199401
 ED Entered STN: 19940209
 Last Updated on STN: 19970203
 Entered Medline: 19940127
 AB A variety of nail and hair changes have been described in AIDS patients, but rapid nail growth has not previously been reported. A slowing of nail growth would be expected in these patients due to immunosuppression and possible malnutrition. We report a case of increased nail and hair growth in a man with AIDS.
 CT Check Tags: Case Report; Human; Male
 Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome: DT, drug therapy
 Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome: IM, immunology
 *Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome: PP, physiopathology
 Adult
 *Hair: GD, growth & development
 *Nails: GD, growth & development
 Zidovudine: TU, therapeutic use
 RN 30516-87-1 (Zidovudine)

L138 ANSWER 2 OF 4 MEDLINE
 AN 92363650 MEDLINE
 DN 92363650 PubMed ID: 1500232
 TI Disorders of the nails and hair associated with human immunodeficiency virus infection.
 AU Prose N S; Abson K G; Scher R K
 CS Department of Dermatology, Duke University School of Medicine, Durham, North Carolina.
 SO INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF DERMATOLOGY, (1992 Jul) 31 (7) 453-7. Ref: 53
 Journal code: 0243704. ISSN: 0011-9059.
 CY United States
 DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 General Review; (REVIEW)
 (REVIEW, TUTORIAL)
 LA English
 FS Priority Journals; AIDS
 EM 199209
 ED Entered STN: 19920925
 Last Updated on STN: 19970203
 Entered Medline: 19920917
 CT Check Tags: Human
 *HIV Infections: CO, complications
 HIV Infections: DT, drug therapy
 *Hair Diseases: MI, microbiology
 *Nail Diseases: MI, microbiology
 Pigmentation Disorders: CI, chemically induced
 Pigmentation Disorders: MI, microbiology
 Zidovudine: AE, adverse effects
 RN 30516-87-1 (Zidovudine)

L138 ANSWER 3 OF 4 MEDLINE
 AN 92118278 MEDLINE
 DN 92118278 PubMed ID: 1768394
 TI Zidovudine-associated hypertrichosis and nail pigmentation in an HIV-infected patient.
 AU Sahai J; Conway B; Cameron D; Garber G
 SO AIDS, (1991 Nov) 5 (11) 1395-6.
 Journal code: 8710219. ISSN: 0269-9370.
 CY United States

DT Letter
 LA English
 FS Priority Journals; AIDS
 EM 199202
 ED Entered STN: 19920315
 Last Updated on STN: 19970203
 Entered Medline: 19920224
 CT Check Tags: Case Report; Human; Male
 Adult
 HIV Infections: DT, drug therapy
 *Hypertrichosis: ET, etiology
 *Nails: DE, drug effects
 *Pigmentation Disorders: CI, chemically induced
 *Zidovudine: AE, adverse effects
 RN 30516-87-1 (Zidovudine)

L138 ANSWER 4 OF 4 MEDLINE
 AN 91251879 MEDLINE
 DN 91251879 PubMed ID: 2041557
 TI Excessive growth of eyelashes in a patient with AIDS being treated with zidovudine.
 AU Klutman N E; Hinthorn D R
 SO NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL OF MEDICINE, (1991 Jun 27) 324 (26) 1896.
 Journal code: 0255562. ISSN: 0028-4793.
 CY United States
 DT Letter
 LA English
 FS Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals; AIDS
 EM 199107
 ED Entered STN: 19910728
 Last Updated on STN: 19970203
 Entered Medline: 19910708
 CT Check Tags: Case Report; Human; Male
 *Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome: DT, drug therapy
 Adult
 *Eyelashes: GD, growth & development
 *Hypertrichosis: CI, chemically induced
 *Zidovudine: AE, adverse effects
 RN 30516-87-1 (Zidovudine)

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:16:18 ON 01 OCT 2002)
 SET COST OFF

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:16:37 ON 01 OCT 2002
 E TTAGGGTTAGGGTTAGGG/SQEN

L1 57 S E3
 E ACGTTGAGGGGCATC/SQEN
 E ATGAAAATCAGGGTTAGG/SQEN
 E CAGUUAGGGUUAG/SQEN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:19:03 ON 01 OCT 2002

L2 8 S CAGUUAGGGUUAG/SQEN
 L3 65 S L1, L2
 L4 10 S L3 AND (PEPTIDE OR COMPLEX)
 L5 55 S L3 NOT L4
 E OFLOXACIN/CN
 L6 1 S E3
 L7 32 S C18H20FN3O4/MF AND NC2NC2/ES AND 4/NR
 L8 17 S L7 AND NC2OC2-NC5-C6/ES
 L9 15 S L8 AND 6 CARBOXYLIC

L10 12 S L9 AND 9 FLUORO
 L11 6 S L10 AND 3 METHYL 10
 L12 4 S L11 AND 4 METHYL
 L13 3 S L12 NOT 11C#
 E TMP/CN
 E TMPY/CN
 E TELOMERASE/CN
 L14 1 S E3
 E AZT/CN
 L15 1 S E4
 L16 40 S C10H13N5O4/MF AND OC4/ES AND NCNC3/ES
 L17 16 S L16 AND AZIDO AND THYM?
 L18 6 S L17 NOT (LABELED OR (D OR T)/ELS OR 11C# OR 13C# OR 14C# OR C
 E RUBROMYCIN/CN
 L19 1 S E3
 E PURPUROMYCIN/CN
 L20 1 S E3
 E DIDEOXYINOSINE/CN
 L21 1 S E3
 E LEVOFLOXACIN/CN
 L22 1 S E3
 L23 122 S C18H20FN3O4/MF
 L24 17 S L23 AND NC2NC2/ES AND NC2OC2-NC5-C6/ES
 L25 0 S L24 NOT L8
 L26 3 S L22, L13
 E CARBOVIR/CN
 L27 1 S E3
 L28 21 S C11H13N5O2/MF AND C5/ES AND NCNC2-NCNC3/ES
 L29 9 S L28 AND 2 AMINO 1 9 DIHYDRO
 L30 7 S L29 AND 4 HYDROXYMETHYL
 L31 4 S L30 NOT (T/ELS OR 14C OR 3 HYDROXYMETHYL)
 E URSODEOXYCHOLIC ACID/CN
 L32 1 S E3
 E DIAZAPHILONIC ACID/CN
 L33 1 S E3
 E ALTERPERYLENOL/CN
 L34 1 S E3
 E 5-AZACYTIDINE/CN
 L35 1 S E3
 E FOMIVIRSEN/CN
 L36 1 S E3
 E DIAZAPHILONIC ACID/CN
 E 2-(3-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYL)ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE/CN
 E 3,4,9,10-PERYLENETETRACARBOXYLIC DIIMIDE/CN
 L37 1 S E3
 E 10H-INDOLO(3,2-B)QUINOLINE/CN
 E 10H-INDOLO(3,2-B)-QUINOLINE/CN

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:43:51 ON 01 OCT 2002

L38 E TMPYP4
 L38 31 S E3
 L39 38 S 3 DEOXY 2 3 DIDEHYDROTHYMIDINE
 L40 1 S 2 3 TRIFLUOROMETHYL PHENYL ISOTHIAZOLIN 3 ONE
 L41 27 S TMPI
 L42 7 S 10H INDOLO 3 2 B QUINOLINE
 L43 0 S 2 O MERNA TELOMERASE
 L44 0 S 2 O ME RNA TELOMERASE
 L45 49 S 2 (S) RNA (S) TELOMERASE
 L46 1 S 2 (S) O (S) ME (L) RNA (S) TELOMERASE
 L47 5 S 2 (S) O (S) MERNA (S) TELOMERASE
 L48 2 S 2 (S) O (S) METHYL (S) RNA (S) TELOMERASE
 L49 0 S 2 (S) O (S) ALKYL (L) RNA (S) TELOMERASE
 L50 0 S 2 (S) O (S) ALK (L) RNA (S) TELOMERASE

L51 6 S L46-L48
 L52 46 S L45 NOT L51

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:51:41 ON 01 OCT 2002
 L53 1 S 92739-63-4
 L54 1 S 38673-65-3
 L55 148 S 38673-65-3/CRN
 L56 1 S 3056-17-5

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:54:36 ON 01 OCT 2002
 SEL RN L40

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:55:09 ON 01 OCT 2002
 L57 9 S E1-E9
 L58 2 S L57 AND F/ELS
 L59 1 S L58 AND 220862-87-3
 L60 78 S L6,L13,L53,L54,L15,L19,L20,L56,L21,L1,L22,L26,L27,L31,L59,L32

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:58:56 ON 01 OCT 2002
 SEL RN L42

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:59:00 ON 01 OCT 2002
 L61 155 S E10-E164
 L62 70 S L61 AND 4/NR
 L63 1 S L62 AND C15H10N2
 L64 56 S L62 AND 10H
 L65 23 S L64 NOT O/ELS
 E 4493/RID
 E 4493.57/RID
 L66 609 S E3
 L67 371 S L66 AND 1/NC
 L68 21 S L60 NOT L1,L2
 L69 22 S L68,L63

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:04:06 ON 01 OCT 2002
 E STYCZYNSKI P/AU
 L70 19 S E3-E8
 E AHLUWALIA G/AU
 L71 69 S E3,E4,E9-E11
 L72 78 S L70,L71
 L73 2759 S L14
 L74 3490 S TELOMERASE
 L75 3493 S L73,L74
 L76 64 S L75 (L) INHIBIT?(S)(I OR II OR III OR IV)
 L77 2 S L75 (L) INHIBIT?()(I OR II OR III OR IV)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:08:36 ON 01 OCT 2002
 L78 1 S 354817-15-5

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:09:05 ON 01 OCT 2002
 L79 101 S L75 (L) INHIBIT?(L) (I OR II OR III OR IV)
 L80 101 S L76,L77,L79
 L81 101 S L73,L74 AND L80
 L82 3493 S L75,L81
 L83 44 S L1 OR L2
 L84 47 S L51,L83
 L85 13404 S L69

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:11:57 ON 01 OCT 2002
 SEL RN L69
 L86 415 S E1-E22/CRN

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:12:20 ON 01 OCT 2002

L87 552 S L86
 L88 17254 S L38-L52, L82-L85, L87
 L89 7608 S OXFLOXACIN OR AZT OR RUBROMYCIN OR PURPUROMYCIN OR DIDEOXYINO
 L90 29 S FOMIVIRSEN OR CATION? (L) PROPHYRIN?
 L91 2408 S ZIDOVUDINE
 L92 19972 S L88-L91
 L93 12 S L92 AND L72
 E HAIR/CT
 E E3+ALL
 L94 12678 S E6, E5
 L95 8391 S E10-E14
 E E17+ALL
 L96 13115 S E2
 E E9+ALL
 E E15+ALL
 L97 1847 S E4
 E E7+ALL
 E E17+ALL
 L98 6514 S E6, E7
 E E9+ALL
 E E19+ALL
 L99 712 S E2
 L100 29 S L72 AND L94-L99
 L101 29 S L72 AND HAIR
 L102 29 S L100, L101
 L103 0 S L102 AND L93
 L104 0 S L102 AND ?TELOMERAS?
 L105 46 S L92 AND L94-L99
 L106 54 S L92 AND HAIR
 L107 63 S L105, L106
 L108 45 S L107 AND (1 OR 62 OR 63)/SC, SX
 L109 18 S L107 NOT L108
 SEL DN AN L108 14 15 26 36 38 44 45
 L110 7 S L108 AND E1-E21

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:40:43 ON 01 OCT 2002
 SEL HIT RN L110

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:41:05 ON 01 OCT 2002
 L111 4 S E22-E25
 L112 20 S L69 NOT L111

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:42:49 ON 01 OCT 2002

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 15:43:16 ON 01 OCT 2002
 L113 14486 S L69
 L114 12676 S OFLOXACIN OR TMPYP4 OR AZT OR ZODOVUDIN? OR RUBROMYCIN? OR PU
 L115 19 S 3 DEOXY 2 3 DIDEHYDROTHYMIDIN? OR 2 3 TRIFLUOROMETHYL PHENYL
 L116 3 S 10H INDOLO 3 2 B QUINOLIN?
 L117 131 S L45-L51
 L118 3143 S L75
 L119 53 S L76, L77
 L120 53 S L79
 L121 21706 S L113-L120
 E HAIR/CT
 E E3+ALL
 L122 14834 S E4+NT
 E HAIR DISEASE/CT
 E E4+ALL
 L123 11930 S E4+NT
 L124 22610 S L121 OR ZIDOVUDIN?
 L125 28 S L124 AND L122, L123
 E SCALP/CT

E E3+ALL
 L126 6044 S E4
 L127 852 S L123, L124 AND L126
 L128 1 S L125 AND L127
 L129 28 S L125, L128
 L130 8 S L129 AND ALOPEC?
 L131 1 S L129 AND HAIR(L) LOSS
 L132 0 S L129 AND HAIR(L) LOSE
 L133 0 S L129 AND HAIR(L) LOSING
 L134 0 S L129 AND HAIR(L) LOST
 L135 0 S L129 AND BALD?
 L136 8 S L130, L131

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 15:52:59 ON 01 OCT 2002
 L137 20 S L129 NOT L136
 SEL DN AN 11 14 17 20
 L138 4 S L137 AND E1-E12

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:16:18 ON 01 OCT 2002)
 SET COST OFF

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:16:37 ON 01 OCT 2002
 E TTAGGGTTAGGGTTAGGG/SQEN
 L1 57 S E3
 E ACGTTGAGGGGCATC/SQEN
 E ATGAAAATCAGGGTTAGG/SQEN
 E CAGUUAGGGUUAG/SQEN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:19:03 ON 01 OCT 2002
 L2 8 S CAGUUAGGGUUAG/SQEN
 L3 65 S L1, L2
 L4 10 S L3 AND (PEPTIDE OR COMPLEX)
 L5 55 S L3 NOT L4
 E OFLOXACIN/CN
 L6 1 S E3
 L7 32 S C18H20FN3O4/MF AND NC2NC2/ES AND 4/NR
 L8 17 S L7 AND NC2OC2-NC5-C6/ES
 L9 15 S L8 AND 6 CARBOXYLIC
 L10 12 S L9 AND 9 FLUORO
 L11 6 S L10 AND 3 METHYL 10
 L12 4 S L11 AND 4 METHYL
 L13 3 S L12 NOT 11C#
 E TMP/CN
 E TMPY/CN
 E TELOMERASE/CN

L14 1 S E3
 E AZT/CN
 L15 1 S E4
 L16 40 S C10H13N5O4/MF AND OC4/ES AND NCNC3/ES
 L17 16 S L16 AND AZIDO AND THYM?
 L18 6 S L17 NOT (LABELED OR (D OR T)/ELS OR 11C# OR 13C# OR 14C# OR C
 E RUBROMYCIN/CN
 L19 1 S E3
 E PURPUROMYCIN/CN
 L20 1 S E3
 E DIDEOXYINOSINE/CN
 L21 1 S E3
 E LEVOFLOXACIN/CN
 L22 1 S E3
 L23 122 S C18H20FN3O4/MF
 L24 17 S L23 AND NC2NC2/ES AND NC2OC2-NC5-C6/ES

L25 0 S L24 NOT L8
 L26 3 S L22, L13
 E CARBOVIR/CN
 L27 1 S E3
 L28 21 S C11H13N5O2/MF AND C5/ES AND NCNC2-NCNC3/ES
 L29 9 S L28 AND 2 AMINO 1 9 DIHYDRO
 L30 7 S L29 AND 4 HYDROXYMETHYL
 L31 4 S L30 NOT (T/ELS OR 14C OR 3 HYDROXYMETHYL)
 E URSOODEOXYCHOLIC ACID/CN
 L32 1 S E3
 E DIAZAPHILONIC ACID/CN
 L33 1 S E3
 E ALTERPERYLENOL/CN
 L34 1 S E3
 E 5-AZACYTIDINE/CN
 L35 1 S E3
 E FOMIVIRSEN/CN
 L36 1 S E3
 E DIAZAPHILONIC ACID/CN
 E 2-(3-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL) PHENYL) ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE/CN
 E 3,4,9,10-PERYLENETETRACARBOXYLIC DIIMIDE/CN
 L37 1 S E3
 E 10H-INDOLO(3,2-B)QUINOLINE/CN
 E 10H-INDOLO(3,2-B)-QUINOLINE/CN

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:43:51 ON 01 OCT 2002
 E TMPYP4

L38 31 S E3
 L39 38 S 3 DEOXY 2 3 DIDEHYDROTHYMIDINE
 L40 1 S 2 3 TRIFLUOROMETHYL PHENYL ISOTHIAZOLIN 3 ONE
 L41 27 S TMPI
 L42 7 S 10H INDOLO 3 2 B QUINOLINE
 L43 0 S 2 O MERNA TELOMERASE
 L44 0 S 2 O ME RNA TELOMERASE
 L45 49 S 2 (S) RNA (S) TELOMERASE
 L46 1 S 2 (S) O (S) ME (L) RNA (S) TELOMERASE
 L47 5 S 2 (S) O (S) MERNA (S) TELOMERASE
 L48 2 S 2 (S) O (S) METHYL (S) RNA (S) TELOMERASE
 L49 0 S 2 (S) O (S) ALKYL (L) RNA (S) TELOMERASE
 L50 0 S 2 (S) O (S) ALK (L) RNA (S) TELOMERASE
 L51 6 S L46-L48
 L52 46 S L45 NOT L51

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:51:41 ON 01 OCT 2002

L53 1 S 92739-63-4
 L54 1 S 38673-65-3
 L55 148 S 38673-65-3/CRN
 L56 1 S 3056-17-5

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:54:36 ON 01 OCT 2002
 SEL RN L40

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:55:09 ON 01 OCT 2002

L57 9 S E1-E9
 L58 2 S L57 AND F/ELS
 L59 1 S L58 AND 220862-87-3
 L60 78 S L6, L13, L53, L54, L15, L19, L20, L56, L21, L1, L22, L26, L27, L31, L59, L32

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:58:56 ON 01 OCT 2002
 SEL RN L42

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:59:00 ON 01 OCT 2002

L61 155 S E10-E164

L62 70 S L61 AND 4/NR
 L63 1 S L62 AND C15H10N2
 L64 56 S L62 AND 10H
 L65 23 S L64 NOT O/ELS
 E 4493/RID
 E 4493.57/RID
 L66 609 S E3
 L67 371 S L66 AND 1/NC
 L68 21 S L60 NOT L1,L2
 L69 22 S L68,L63

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:04:06 ON 01 OCT 2002
 E STYCZYNSKI P/AU
 L70 19 S E3-E8
 E AHLUWALIA G/AU
 L71 69 S E3,E4,E9-E11
 L72 78 S L70,L71
 L73 2759 S L14
 L74 3490 S TELOMERASE
 L75 3493 S L73,L74
 L76 64 S L75 (L) INHIBIT?(S)(I OR II OR III OR IV)
 L77 2 S L75 (L) INHIBIT?()(I OR II OR III OR IV)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:08:36 ON 01 OCT 2002
 L78 1 S 354817-15-5

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:09:05 ON 01 OCT 2002
 L79 101 S L75 (L) INHIBIT?(L) (I OR II OR III OR IV)
 L80 101 S L76,L77,L79
 L81 101 S L73,L74 AND L80
 L82 3493 S L75,L81
 L83 44 S L1 OR L2
 L84 47 S L51,L83
 L85 13404 S L69

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:11:57 ON 01 OCT 2002
 SEL RN L69
 L86 415 S E1-E22/CRN

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:12:20 ON 01 OCT 2002
 L87 552 S L86
 L88 17254 S L38-L52,L82-L85,L87
 L89 7608 S OXFLOXACIN OR AZT OR RUBROMYCIN OR PURPUROMYCIN OR DIDEOXYINO
 L90 29 S FOMIVIRSEN OR CATION?(L) PROPHYRIN?
 L91 2408 S ZIDOVUDINE
 L92 19972 S L88-L91
 L93 12 S L92 AND L72
 E HAIR/CT
 E E3+ALL
 L94 12678 S E6,E5
 L95 8391 S E10-E14
 E E17+ALL
 L96 13115 S E2
 E E9+ALL
 E E15+ALL
 L97 1847 S E4
 E E7+ALL
 E E17+ALL
 L98 6514 S E6,E7
 E E9+ALL
 E E19+ALL
 L99 712 S E2
 L100 29 S L72 AND L94-L99

L101 29 S L72 AND HAIR
 L102 29 S L100, L101
 L103 0 S L102 AND L93
 L104 0 S L102 AND ?TELOMERAS?
 L105 46 S L92 AND L94-L99
 L106 54 S L92 AND HAIR
 L107 63 S L105, L106
 L108 45 S L107 AND (1 OR 62 OR 63)/SC, SX
 L109 18 S L107 NOT L108
 SEL DN AN L108 14 15 26 36 38 44 45
 L110 7 S L108 AND E1-E21

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:40:43 ON 01 OCT 2002
 SEL HIT RN L110

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:41:05 ON 01 OCT 2002
 L111 4 S E22-E25
 L112 20 S L69 NOT L111

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:42:49 ON 01 OCT 2002

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 15:43:16 ON 01 OCT 2002
 L113 14486 S L69
 L114 12676 S OFLOXACIN OR TMPYP4 OR AZT OR ZODOVUDIN? OR RUBROMYCIN? OR PU
 L115 19 S 3 DEOXY 2 3 DIDEHYDROTHYMIDIN? OR 2 3 TRIFLUOROMETHYL PHENYL
 L116 3 S 10H INDOLO 3 2 B QUINOLIN?
 L117 131 S L45-L51
 L118 3143 S L75
 L119 53 S L76, L77
 L120 53 S L79
 L121 21706 S L113-L120
 E HAIR/CT
 E E3+ALL
 L122 14834 S E4+NT
 E HAIR DISEASE/CT
 E E4+ALL
 L123 11930 S E4+NT
 L124 22610 S L121 OR ZIDOVUDIN?
 L125 28 S L124 AND L122, L123
 E SCALP/CT
 E E3+ALL
 L126 6044 S E4
 L127 852 S L123, L124 AND L126
 L128 1 S L125 AND L127
 L129 28 S L125, L128
 L130 8 S L129 AND ALOPEC?
 L131 1 S L129 AND HAIR(L) LOSS
 L132 0 S L129 AND HAIR(L) LOSE
 L133 0 S L129 AND HAIR(L) LOSING
 L134 0 S L129 AND HAIR(L) LOST
 L135 0 S L129 AND BALD?
 L136 8 S L130, L131

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 15:52:59 ON 01 OCT 2002
 L137 20 S L129 NOT L136
 SEL DN AN 11 14 17 20
 L138 4 S L137 AND E1-E12

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 15:56:10 ON 01 OCT 2002
 E STYCZYNSKI P/AU
 L139 19 S E3-E6
 E AHLUZALIA G/AU
 E AHLUWALIA G/AU

L140 96 S E3,E4,E8,E9
L141 106 S L139,L140
L142 0 S L141 AND (L14 OR TELOMER?)
L143 26 S L141 AND HAIR

FILE 'HCAPLUS, BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 15:57:42 ON 01 OCT 2002
L144 52 DUP REM L102 L143 (3 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

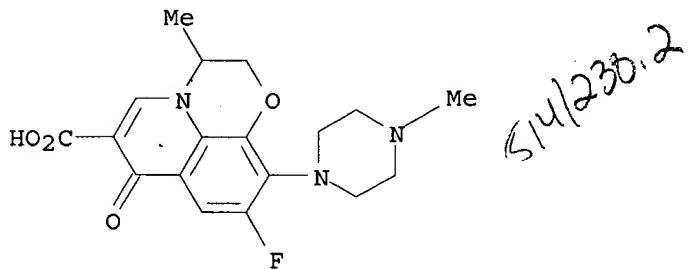
FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 15:58:24 ON 01 OCT 2002
L145 9 S L60 AND L141
L146 0 S L145 AND L143

FILE 'USPATFULL, CA' ENTERED AT 12:29:00 ON 05 FEB 2002
L1 4603 S 82419-36-1/RN OR OFLOXACIN OR OFLOXACINE OR FLOXIN OR OCUFLOX
L2 75213 S TOPICAL?
L3 372 S L1 AND L2
L4 85787 S (APPLY OR APPLYING OR APPLICATION OR ADMINISTER OR ADMINISTER
L5 306 S L1 AND L4
L6 13982 S HAIR (P) (REDUCE OR REDUCING OR REDUCTION OR PREVENT OR PREV
L7 27 S L5 AND L6
L8 24 S L7 AND PY<2000
L9 24 DUP REM L8 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L10 4084 S HAIR (3A) (REDUCE OR REDUCING OR REDUCTION OR PREVENT OR PREV
L11 3 S L5 AND L10
L12 22 S L8 NOT L11
L13 3 S L7 NOT L8
L14 279 S L5 NOT L7
L15 30 S L14 AND HAIR
L16 15 S L15 AND PY<2000
L17 15 S L15 NOT L16
L18 43 S L1 (P) L4
L19 41 S L18 NOT L15
L20 0 S L19 AND (HAIR OR HIRSUTISM)
L21 26 S L19 AND PY<2000
L22 587 S TELOMERASE (3A) INHIBIT?
L23 2 S L6 AND L22
L24 6 S L1 AND L22
L25 1346 S 219522-15-3/RN OR 118120-51-7/RN OR 100986-85-4/RN OR LEVOFLO

L6 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
RN 144245-52-3 REGISTRY
CN DNA, d(P-thio) (G-C-G-T-T-T-G-C-T-C-T-C-T-T-C-T-G-C-G) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
CN Deoxyribonucleic acid, d(P-thio) (G-C-G-T-T-T-G-C-T-C-T-C-T-T-C-T-G-C-G)
OTHER NAMES:
CN **Fomivirsen**
CN ISIS 2922
FS NUCLEIC ACID SEQUENCE
MF C204 H263 N63 O114 P20 S20
CI MAN
SR CA
LC STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, CEN, CIN, DIOGENES, DRUGNL, DRUGPAT, DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, MRCK*, PROMT, TOXCENTER, TOXLIT, USAN, USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)
Other Sources: WHO

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
*** USE 'SQD' OR 'SQIDE' FORMATS TO DISPLAY SEQUENCE ***
34 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
34 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

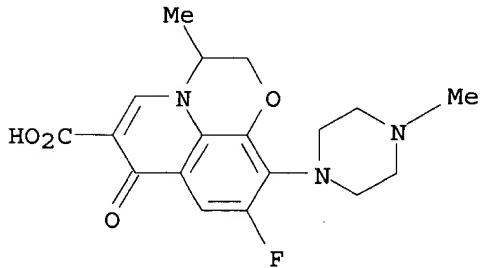
L1 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 RN 82419-36-1 REGISTRY
 CN 7H-Pyrido[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazine-6-carboxylic acid,
 9-fluoro-2,3-dihydro-3-methyl-10-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-7-oxo- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
 CN 7H-Pyrido[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazine-6-carboxylic acid,
 9-fluoro-2,3-dihydro-3-methyl-10-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-7-oxo-, (.+.-)-
 OTHER NAMES:
 CN (.+.-)-Ofloxacin
 CN 9-Fluoro-2,3-dihydro-3-methyl-10-(N-methylpiperazinyl)-7-oxo-7H-
 pyrido[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazine-6-carboxylic acid
 CN 9-Fluoro-3-methyl-10-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-7-oxo-2,3-dihydro-7H-
 pyrido[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazine-6-carboxylic acid
 CN DL 8280
 CN Floxin
 CN HOE 280
 CN Ocufllox
 CN Oflox
 CN Ofloxacin
 CN Ofloxacine
 CN ORF 18489
 CN PT 01
 CN Tarivid
 CN Visiren
 FS 3D CONCORD
 DR 85344-55-4, 83380-47-6, 86784-41-0, 303013-04-9
 MF C18 H20 F N3 O4
 CI COM
 LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
 BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS,
 CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU, DIOGENES, DRUGNL, DRUGPAT, DRUGU,
 DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, IFICDB, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, PHAR,
 PHARMASEARCH, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, TOXLIT, USAN,
 USPATEFULL, VETU
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
 Other Sources: WHO



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

3229 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 28 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 3237 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 RN 82419-36-1 REGISTRY
 CN 7H-Pyrido[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazine-6-carboxylic acid,
 9-fluoro-2,3-dihydro-3-methyl-10-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-7-oxo- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
 CN 7H-Pyrido[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazine-6-carboxylic acid,
 9-fluoro-2,3-dihydro-3-methyl-10-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-7-oxo-, (.+.-)-
 OTHER NAMES:
 CN (.+.-)-Ofloxacin
 CN 9-Fluoro-2,3-dihydro-3-methyl-10-(N-methylpiperazinyl)-7-oxo-7H-
 pyrido[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazine-6-carboxylic acid
 CN 9-Fluoro-3-methyl-10-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-7-oxo-2,3-dihydro-7H-
 pyrido[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazine-6-carboxylic acid
 CN DL 8280
 CN Floxin
 CN HOE 280
 CN Ocuflax
 CN Oflox
 CN Ofloxacin
 CN Ofloxacine
 CN ORF 18489
 CN PT 01
 CN Tarivid
 CN Visiren
 FS 3D CONCORD
 DR 85344-55-4, 83380-47-6, 86784-41-0, 303013-04-9
 MF C18 H20 F N3 O4
 CI COM
 LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
 BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS,
 CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU, DIOGENES, DRUGNL, DRUGPAT, DRUGU,
 DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, IFICDB, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, PHAR,
 PHARMASEARCH, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, TOXLIT, USAN,
 USPATFULL, VETU
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
 Other Sources: WHO



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

3229 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 28 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 3237 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

=> s e5 or e10
 1 "OFLOXACIN HYDROCHLORIDE"/CN
 1 "OFLOXACIN SODIUM SALT"/CN
 L2 2 "OFLOXACIN HYDROCHLORIDE"/CN OR "OFLOXACIN SODIUM SALT"/CN

=> d ide 1-

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 2 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? Y/ (N) :y

L2 ANSWER 1 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 219522-15-3 REGISTRY

CN 7H-Pyrido[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazine-6-carboxylic acid,
9-fluoro-2,3-dihydro-3-methyl-10-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-7-oxo-, sodium
salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

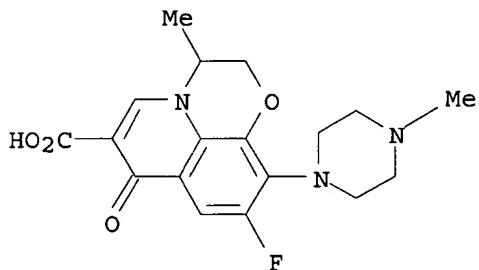
CN Ofloxacin sodium salt

MF C18 H20 F N3 O4 . Na

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, TOXLIT

CRN (82419-36-1)



● Na

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L2 ANSWER 2 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 118120-51-7 REGISTRY

CN 7H-Pyrido[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazine-6-carboxylic acid,
9-fluoro-2,3-dihydro-3-methyl-10-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-7-oxo-,
hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 7H-Pyrido[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazine-6-carboxylic acid,
9-fluoro-2,3-dihydro-3-methyl-10-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-7-oxo-,
hydrochloride, (.-+.-)-

OTHER NAMES:

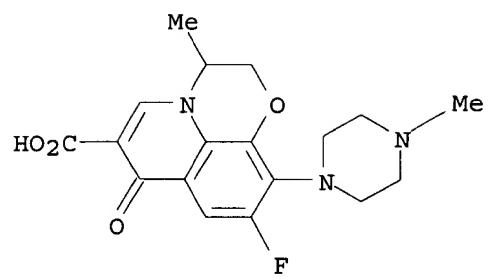
CN Ofloxacin hydrochloride

MF C18 H20 F N3 O4 . x Cl H

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, DRUGPAT, DRUGUPDATES, IPA, TOXCENTER, TOXLIT

CRN (82419-36-1)

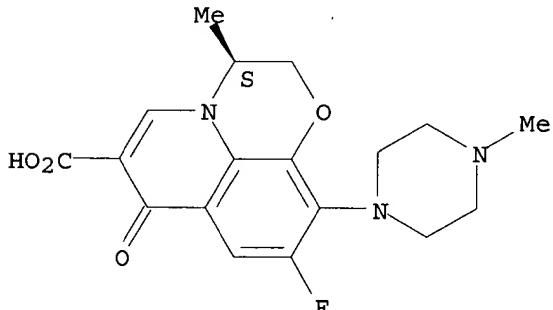


● x HCl

5 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
5 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
RN 100986-85-4 REGISTRY
CN 7H-Pyrido[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazine-6-carboxylic acid,
9-fluoro-2,3-dihydro-3-methyl-10-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-7-oxo-, (3S)-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
CN 7H-Pyrido[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazine-6-carboxylic acid,
9-fluoro-2,3-dihydro-3-methyl-10-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-7-oxo-, (S)-
OTHER NAMES:
CN (-)-Ofloxacin
CN (S)-(-)-Ofloxacin
CN (S)-Ofloxacin
CN Cravit
CN DR 3355
CN HR 355
CN Levaquin
CN **Levofloxacin**
CN RWJ 25213-097
CN Tavanic
FS STEREOSEARCH
MF C18 H20 F N3 O4
CI COM
SR CA
LC STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*,
BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN,
CHEMCATS, CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU, DIOGENES, DRUGNL, DRUGPAT, DRUGU,
DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, PHAR, PHARMASEARCH, PROMT,
RTECS*, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

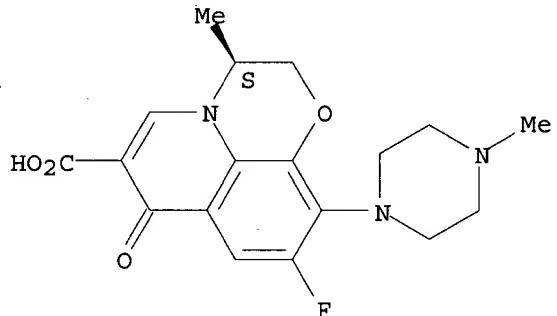


PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1152 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
12 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
1158 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
RN 138199-71-0 REGISTRY
CN 7H-Pyrido[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazine-6-carboxylic acid,
9-fluoro-2,3-dihydro-3-methyl-10-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-7-oxo-, hydrate
(2:1), (3S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
CN 7H-Pyrido[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazine-6-carboxylic acid,
9-fluoro-2,3-dihydro-3-methyl-10-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-7-oxo-, hydrate
(2:1), (S)-
OTHER NAMES:
CN **Levofloxacin hydrate**
FS STEREOSEARCH
MF C18 H20 F N3 O4 . 1/2 H2 O
SR CA
LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, DRUGPAT, DRUGUPDATES,
EMBASE, IPA, PHAR, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, TOXLIT, USAN, USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)
CRN (100986-85-4)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



● 1/2 H₂O

3 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
3 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)